

**BASIC MANUAL** 





Icom Inc.

Thank you for choosing this Icom product. The IC-7300 HF/50 MHz TRANSCEIVER is designed and built with Icom's state of the art technology and craftsmanship. With proper care, this product should provide you with years of trouble-free operation. We appreciate you making the IC-7300 your transceiver of choice, and hope you agree with Icom's philosophy of "technology first." Many hours of research and development went into the design of your IC-7300.

### IMPORTANT

**READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS** carefully completely before using the transceiver. **SAVE THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL**— This instruction manual contains basic operating instructions for the IC-7300. For full operating instructions, see the Full Manual on the supplied CD.

### FEATURES

### RF Direct Sampling System

The IC-7300 employs an RF direct sampling system. RF signals are directly converted to digital data and processed in the FPGA. This system is a leading technology marking an epoch in amateur radio.

### Real-Time Spectrum Scope

The spectrum scope is class-leading in resolution, sweep speed and dynamic range. When you touch the scope screen on the intended signal, the touched area is magnified. The large 4.3 inch color TFT touch LCD offers intuitive operation.

New "IP+" Function

The new IP Plus function improves 3rd order intercept point (IP3) performance. When a weak signal is received adjacent to strong interference, the AD converter is optimized against signal distortion.

 Class Leading RMDR and Phase Noise Characteristics

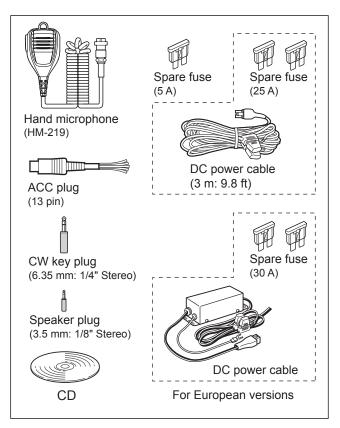
The RMDR is improved to about 97dB (typical value) and Phase Noise characteristics are also improved about 15dB (at 1 kHz frequency separation) compared to the IC-7200.

- A 4.3 inch touch panel color display
- A built-in automatic antenna tuner
- Multi-function control for easy settings

## EXPLICIT DEFINITIONS

WORD	DEFINITION	
▲ DANGER!	Personal death, serious injury or an	
DANGER!	explosion may occur.	
	Personal injury, fire hazard or electric	
	shock may occur.	
CAUTION	Equipment damage may occur.	
	Recommended for optimum use. No	
NOTE	risk of personal injury, fire or electric	
	shock.	

### SUPPLIED ACCESSORIES



①Different types of accessories may be supplied, or may not be supplied depending on the transceiver version.

This product includes RTOS "RTX" software, and is licensed according to the software license.

This product includes "zlib" open source software, and is licensed according to the open source software license.

This product includes "libpng" open source software, and is licensed according to the open source software license.

Refer to the Text files in the License folder of included CD for information on the open source software being used by this product.

## FCC INFORMATION

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

**WARNING:** MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.

**CAUTION:** Changes or modifications to this device, not expressly approved by Icom Inc., could void your authority to operate this device under FCC regulations.

### DISPOSAL



The crossed-out wheeled-bin symbol on your product, literature, or packaging reminds you that in the European Union, all electrical and electronic products, batteries, and accumulators (rechargeable batteries) must be taken to designated collection locations at the end of their working life. Do not dispose of these products as unsorted municipal waste.

Dispose of them according to the laws in your area.

### ABOUT CE AND DOC

Hereby, Icom Inc. declares that the versions of IC-7300 which have the "CE" symbol on the product, comply with the essential requirements of the Radio Equipment Directive, 2014/53/EU, and the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment Directive, 2011/65/EU.

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address: http://www.icom.co.jp/world/support/

### TRADEMARKS

Icom, Icom Inc. and the Icom logo are registered trademarks of Icom Incorporated (Japan) in Japan, the United States, the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Spain, Russia, Australia, New Zealand and/or other countries.

Microsoft, Windows and Windows Vista are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

Adobe and Adobe Reader are registered trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

All other products or brands are registered trademarks or trademarks of their respective holders.

Icom is not responsible for the destruction, damage to, or performance of any Icom or non-Icom equipment, if the malfunction is because of:

- Force majeure, including, but not limited to, fires, earthquakes, storms, floods, lightning, or other natural disasters, disturbances, riots, war, or radioactive contamination.
- The use of Icom transceivers with any equipment that is not manufactured or approved by Icom.

## ABOUT THE TOUCH SCREEN

### ♦ Touch operation

In the Full manual or Basic manual, the touch operation is described as shown below.

## ך T

### Touch

If the display is touched briefly, one short beep sounds.



### Touch for 1 second

If the display is touched for 1 second, one short and one long beep sound.

### Touch screen precautions

- The touch screen may not properly work when the LCD protection film or sheet is attached.
- Touching the screen with your finger nails, sharp topped object and so on, or touching the screen hard may damage it.
- Tablet PC's operations such as flick, pinch in and pinch out cannot be performed on this touch screen.

### ♦ Touch screen maintenance

- If the touch screen becomes dusty or dirty, wipe it clean with a soft, dry cloth.
- When you wipe the touch screen, be careful not to push it too hard or scratch it with your finger nails. Otherwise you may damage the screen.

## ABOUT THE SUPPLIED CD

The following items are included on the CD.

- Full manual (English) Instructions for full operations in English.
- Basic manual (English) Instructions for basic operations, the same as this manual.
- Full manual (German) Instructions for full operations in German.
- Basic manual (Multi-language) Instructions for basic operations in multiple languages.
- Schematic diagram Includes the schematic and block diagrams.
- HAM radio Terms (English) A glossary of HAM radio terms in English.
- Adobe<sup>®</sup> Reader<sup>®</sup> Installer Installer for Adobe<sup>®</sup> Reader<sup>®</sup>.

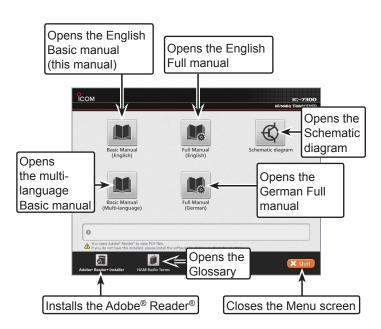
To read the manuals or Schematic diagram, Adobe<sup>®</sup> Reader<sup>®</sup> is required. If you have not installed it, please install the Adobe<sup>®</sup> Reader<sup>®</sup> on the CD or download it from Adobe Systems Incorporated's website.

A PC with the following Operating System is required.

- Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> 10
- Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> 8.1
- Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> 7
- Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows Vista<sup>®</sup>

### Starting the CD

- 1. Insert the CD into the CD drive.
- Double click "Menu.exe" on the CD.
   Depending on the PC setting, the menu screen shown below is automatically displayed.
- Click the desired button to open the file.
   To close the Menu screen, click [Quit].



Different types of menu screen may be displayed, depending on the transceiver version.

## ABOUT THE INSTRUCTIONS

The Full and Basic manuals are described in the following manner.

### "" (Quotation marks):

Used to indicate icons, setting items, and screen titles displayed on the screen.

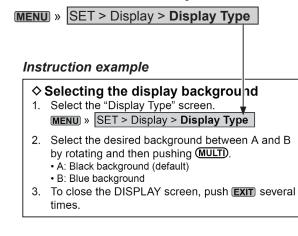
The screen titles are also indicated in uppercase letters. (Example: FUNCTION screen)

### [] (brackets):

Used to indicate keys.

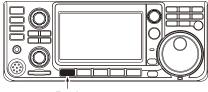
### Routes to the set modes and setting screens

Routes to the set mode, setting screen and the setting items are described in the following manner.



#### **Detailed instruction**

1. Push MENU.





- Opens the MENU screen.
- 2. Touch [SET].



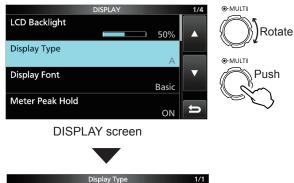
MENU screen

· Opens the SET screen.

3. Rotate (MULT), and then push (MULT) to select "Display."



4. Rotate (MULT), and then push (MULT) to select "Display Type."



Display Type	1/1
А	
В	
	Ð

"Display Type" screen

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PORTANT	
	PLICIT DEFINITIONS	
	PPLIED ACCESSORIES	
	ADEMARKS	
	POSAL OUT THE TOUCH SCREEN	
	Touch operation	
	Touch screen precautions	
	Touch screen maintenance	
	OUT THE SUPPLIED CD	
	OUT THE INSTRUCTIONS	
	ECAUTIONS	
1	PANEL DESCRIPTION	
	Front panel	
	Rear panel	
	Touch panel display	
	♦ Multi-function menus	
	<ul> <li>♦ MENU screen</li> <li>♦ FUNCTION screen</li> </ul>	
	♦ PUNCTION screen	
	Keyboard entering and editing	
	♦ Entering and editing characters	
	♦ Keyboard types	
	♦ Entering and editing	1_7
	♦ Entering and editing	
_	♦ Entering and editing example	1-8
2	♦ Entering and editing example INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS	1-8 . <b> 2-1</b>
2	♦ Entering and editing example INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS Selecting a location	1-8 <b>2-1</b> 2-1
2	♦ Entering and editing example	1-8 <b>2-1</b> 2-1 2-1
2	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> </ul>	1-8 <b>2-1</b> 2-1 2-1 2-1
2	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1
2	<ul> <li>Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2
2	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3
2	<ul> <li>Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3
2	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-4
2	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-4 2-5
2	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5
	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>♦ Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-4 2-5 2-5 2-5
2	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections.</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>♦ Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5
	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>♦ Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1
	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>♦ Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> <li>Turning power ON or OFF</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1 3-1
	<ul> <li>Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> <li>Turning power ON or OFF</li> <li>Adjusting the volume level</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1 3-1 3-1
	<ul> <li>Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> <li>Turning power ON or OFF</li> <li>Adjusting the volume level</li> <li>About the VFO and Memory modes</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1
	<ul> <li>Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> <li>Turning power ON or OFF</li> <li>Adjusting the volume level</li> <li>About the VFO and Memory modes</li> <li>Using the VFO mode</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1
	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>♦ Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> <li>Turning power ON or OFF</li> <li>Adjusting the volume level</li> <li>About the VFO and Memory modes</li> <li>Using the VFO mode</li> <li>♦ Selecting the VFO A or VFO B</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1
	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>♦ Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> <li>Turning power ON or OFF</li> <li>Adjusting the volume level</li> <li>About the VFO and Memory modes</li> <li>Using the VFO Mode</li> <li>♦ Selecting the VFO A or VFO B</li> <li>♦ Equalizing VFO A and VFO B</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1
	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>♦ Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> <li>Turning power ON or OFF</li> <li>Adjusting the volume level</li> <li>About the VFO and Memory modes</li> <li>Using the VFO mode</li> <li>♦ Selecting the OPERATION BASIC OPERATION</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1
	<ul> <li>♦ Entering and editing example</li> <li>INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS</li> <li>Selecting a location</li> <li>Front panel connection</li> <li>Heat dissipation</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Rear panel connection</li> <li>Connecting an external DC power supply</li> <li>Connecting the antenna tuner</li> <li>FSK and AFSK connections</li> <li>Linear amplifier connections</li> <li>♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO</li> <li>♦ Connecting a non-Icom linear amplifier</li> <li>BASIC OPERATION</li> <li>When first applying power</li> <li>Turning power ON or OFF</li> <li>Adjusting the volume level</li> <li>About the VFO and Memory modes</li> <li>Using the VFO Mode</li> <li>♦ Selecting the VFO A or VFO B</li> <li>♦ Equalizing VFO A and VFO B</li> </ul>	1-8 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-2 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-5 2-5 2-5 2-5 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2

Setting the frequency	
♦ Using the Main Dial	
♦ About the Tuning Step function	
♦ Changing the Tuning Step	
♦ About the 1 Hz step Fine Tuning function	
♦ About the 1/4 Tuning function	
♦ About the Auto Tuning Step function	
♦ Directly entering a frequency	
♦ Band Edge Beep	
♦ Entering a Band Edge	
RF gain and SQL level	
Dial Lock function	
Basic transmission	
Adjusting the transmit output power	
♦ Adjusting the transmit output power	
Meter display	
♦ Meter display selection	
♦ Multi-function meter	
Adjusting the microphone gain	3-10
About the 5 MHz frequency band operation	0.44
(USA version only)	3-11
RECEIVING AND TRANSMITTING	4-1
Preamplifiers	4-1
Attenuator	4-1
RIT function	4-1
RIT monitor function	4-1
AGC function control	4-2
Selecting the AGC time constant	
preset value	4-2
Setting the AGC time constant	
Using the Twin PBT	4-3
Selecting the IF filter	
Selecting the IF filter shape	
IP Plus function	
Noise Blanker	
♦ Adjusting the NB level and time	4-5
Noise Reduction	
♦ Adjusting the Noise Reduction level	
Notch Filter	
♦ Auto Notch function	
♦ Manual Notch function	
VOX function	
♦ Adjusting the VOX function	
♦ Turning ON the VOX function	
∠TX function	
♦ ⊿TX monitor function	
Monitor function	
Setting the Speech Compressor	
Split frequency operation	
♦ Using the Quick Split function	4-10
♦ Using the receive and transmit	
frequencies set to VFO A and VFO B	
Split Lock function	
Setting the transmit filter width	4-11

4

4	RECEIVING AND TRANSMITTING (Continu Operating CW	
	♦ Setting the CW pitch control	
	♦ Setting the key speed	4-12
	♦ About the Break-in function	
	♦ CW Auto Tuning function	
	♦ About the CW Reverse mode	
	♦ Electronic Keyer function	
	♦ Monitoring the CW side tone	
	Operating RTTY (FSK)	
	♦ About the RTTY reverse mode	
	<ul> <li>♦ Twin Peak Filter</li> <li>♦ Functions on the RTTY DECODE screen.</li> </ul>	4-15
	<ul> <li>Functions on the RTTY DECODE screen.</li> <li>Setting the decoder threshold level</li> </ul>	
	FM repeater operation	
	♦ Setting the repeater tone frequency	
5	SCOPE OPERATION	-
	Spectrum scope screen	
	♦ Using the Spectrum Scope	
	♦ Center mode	
	♦ Fixed mode	
	<ul> <li>♦ Marker</li> <li>♦ Touch screen operation</li> </ul>	
	♦ Mini scope screen	
	Audio scope screen	
_		
6	USING AN SD CARD	
	About the SD card	
	Saving data onto the SD card	
	Inserting or removing the SD card	
	<ul> <li>♦ Inserting</li> <li>♦ Removing</li> </ul>	
	Unmounting an SD card	
	Formatting an SD card	
_	-	
7	ANTENNA TUNER OPERATION	
	About the internal antenna tuner	
	Internal antenna tuner operation	
	<ul> <li>♦ Manual tuning</li> <li>♦ PTT Tuner start</li> </ul>	
	About an external antenna tuner	
	♦ Using the AH-4 or AH-740	
	♦ Using an external antenna tuner	
	Emergency mode (Tuner)	
~	<b>- , , ,</b>	
8	SET MODE Set mode description	
	♦ Entering the Set mode	
	Tone Control	
	Function	
	Connectors	
	Display	
	Time Set	
	SD Card	
	Others	

9	MAINTENANCE Resetting ◇ Partial reset ◇ All reset	9-1 9-1
10	<ul> <li>SPECIFICATIONS</li> <li>♦ General</li> <li>♦ Transmitter</li> <li>♦ Receiver</li> <li>♦ Antenna tuner</li> </ul>	10-1 10-1 10-2
11	OPTIONS Options Mounting the MB-118	11-1
12	CONNECTOR INFORMATION ACC socket ♦ OPC-599 ACC conversion cable pin assignments Microphone connector ♦ External keypad KEY jack EXT-SP jack REMOTE jack	12-1 12-2 12-2 12-2 12-3 12-3 12-3
	ALC jack SEND jack PHONES jack DC power socket	12-3 12-3
PR	ÉCAUTIONS POUR LE CANADA DÉFINITIONS EXPLICITES INFORMATION FCC PRÉCAUTIONS	I
AB	OUT CE INSTALLATION NOTES	
IND	DEX	IV-V

## PRECAUTIONS

▲ **DANGER HIGH RF VOLTAGE! NEVER** touch an antenna or antenna connector while transmitting. This could cause an electrical shock or burn.

△ **DANGER! NEVER** operate the transceiver near unshielded electrical blasting caps or in an explosive atmosphere. This could cause an explosion and death.

▲ WARNING RF EXPOSURE! This device emits Radio Frequency (RF) energy. Extreme caution should be observed when operating this device. If you have any questions regarding RF exposure and safety standards please refer to the Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering and Technology's report on Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields (OET Bulletin 65).

▲ WARNING! NEVER operate the transceiver with a headset or other audio accessories at high volume levels. If you experience a ringing in your ears,reduce the volume or discontinue use.

▲ **WARNING! NEVER** apply AC power to the [DC13.8V] socket on the transceiver rear panel. This could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

 $\triangle$  **WARNING! NEVER** apply more than 16 V DC to the [DC13.8V] socket on the transceiver rear panel. This could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

△ **WARNING! NEVER** reverse the DC power cable polarity. This could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

▲ **WARNING! NEVER** remove the fuse holder on the DC power cable. Excessive current caused by a short could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

▲ **WARNING! NEVER** let metal, wire or other objects contact the inside of the transceiver, or make incorrect contact with connectors on the rear panel. This could cause an electric shock or damage the transceiver.

▲ **WARNING! NEVER** operate or touch the transceiver with wet hands. This could cause an electric shock or damage to the transceiver.

▲ **WARNING!** Immediately turn OFF the transceiver power and remove the DC power cable from the transceiver if it emits an abnormal odor, sound or smoke. Contact your lcom dealer or distributor for advice.

 $\triangle$  **WARNING! NEVER** put the transceiver on an unstable place where the transceiver may suddenly move or fall. This could cause an injury or damage the transceiver.

▲ WARNING! NEVER operate the transceiver during a lightning storm. It may result in an electric shock, cause a fire or damage the transceiver. Always disconnect the power source and antenna before a storm.

**CAUTION: NEVER** expose the transceiver to rain, snow or any liquids.

**CAUTION: NEVER** change the internal settings of the transceiver. This could reduce transceiver performance and/or damage to the transceiver. The transceiver warranty does not cover any problems caused by unauthorized internal adjustments.

**CAUTION: NEVER** install or place the transceiver in a place without adequate ventilation, or block any cooling vents on the top, rear, sides or bottom of the transceiver. Heat dissipation may be reduced and damage the transceiver.

**CAUTION: NEVER** use harsh solvents such as Benzine or alcohol when cleaning, as they will damage the transceiver surfaces.

**CAUTION: NEVER** leave the transceiver in areas with temperatures below  $-10^{\circ}$ C (+14°F) or above +60°C (+140°F) for mobile operations.

**CAUTION: NEVER** place the transceiver in excessively dusty environments. This could damage the transceiver.

**DO NOT** place the transceiver against walls or putting anything on top of the transceiver. This may overheat the transceiver.

**BE CAREFUL!** The Main unit will become hot when operating the transceiver continuously for long periods of time.

**CAUTION:** If you use a linear amplifier, set the transceiver's RF output power to less than the linear amplifier's maximum input level, otherwise a high input could damage the linear amplifier.

**CAUTION:** Use only Icom supplied or optional microphones. Other manufacturer's microphones may have different pin assignments, and could damage the connector and/or the transceiver.

**NEVER** leave the transceiver in an insecure place to avoid use by unauthorized persons.

Turn OFF the transceiver's power and/or disconnect the AC power cable when you will not use the transceiver for a long period of time.

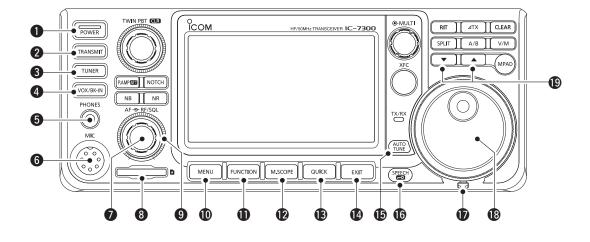
Turn OFF the transceiver's power and/or disconnect the DC power cable when you will not use the transceiver for long period of time.

The LCD display may have cosmetic imperfections that appear as small dark or light spots. This is not a malfunction or defect, but a normal characteristic of LCD displays.

## PANEL DESCRIPTION

### Front panel

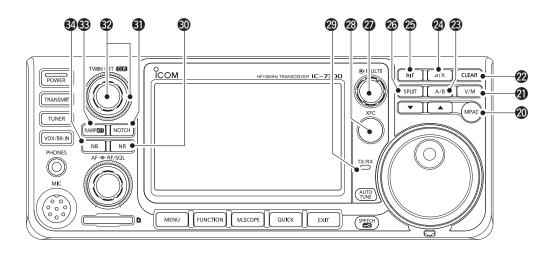
This section describes the keys, controls and dials that you use to operate the IC-7300. Refer to the pages posted beside each key, control, or dial for details.



- POWER KEY POWER (p. 3-1) Turns the transceiver ON or OFF.
- **2 TRANSMIT KEY TRANSMIT (p. 3-9)** Toggles between transmit and receive.
- O ANTENNA TUNER KEY TUNER (p. 7-1) Turns the antenna tuner ON or OFF, or activates the tuner.
- **VOX/BREAK-IN KEY VOX/BK-IN** Turns the VOX function (p. 4-7) and Break-in function (p. 4-12) ON or OFF.
- **HEADPHONE JACK [PHONES] (p. 2-1)** Connects to a standard stereo headphones.
- **6** MICROPHONE CONNECTOR [MIC] (p. 2-1) Connects to the supplied or an optional microphone.
- ✔ VOLUME CONTROL (AF ·· RF/SQL) (p. 3-1) Adjusts the audio output level.
- SD CARD SLOT [SD CARD] (p. 6-1) Accepts an SD card.
- RF GAIN CONTROL/SQUELCH CONTROL (AF ⊕ RF/SQL) (p. 3-9) Adjusts the RF gain and squelch threshold levels.
- **MENU KEY MENU (p. 1-6)** Opens the MENU screen.

- **FUNCTION KEY FUNCTION (p. 1-6)** Displays the FUNCTION screen.
- MINI SCOPE KEY M.SCOPE (p. 5-1) Displays the Mini Scope or Spectrum Scope.
- **QUICK KEY** QUICK (p. 1-6) Displays the QUICK MENU.
- EXIT KEY EXIT (p. 1-6) Exits a setting screen or returns to the previous screen.
- AUTO TUNE KEY (10. 4-13)
   Automatically tunes the operating frequency to a
   received CW signal.
- SPEECH/LOCK KEY (p. 3-9) Announces the operating frequency or receiving mode, or electronically locks (MAIN DIAL).
- TENSION ADJUSTER Adjusts the friction of (MAIN DIAL).
- (B) MAIN DIAL (MAIN DIAL) (p. 3-3) Changes the operating frequency.
- MEMORY CHANNEL UP/DOWN KEY 
  Changes the Memory channel.

### Front panel (Continued)



### MEMO PAD KEY MPAD

Sequentially calls up the contents in the Memo Pads, or saves the displayed contents into the Memo Pad.

### ② VFO/MEMORY KEY <sup>™</sup> (p. 3-1)

Switches between the VFO and Memory mode, or copies the memory channel contents to the VFO.

### CLEAR KEY CLEAR

Clears the RIT or  $\angle$ TX shift frequency.

### A/B KEY A/B (p. 3-1)

Switches between VFO A and VFO B, or sets the selected VFO's frequency to the other VFO.

### 

Turns the ⊿TX function ON or OFF.

### RIT KEY RIT (p. 4-1)

Turns the Receiver Incremental Tuning (RIT) function ON or OFF.

### SPLIT KEY SPLIT (p. 4-10)

Turns the Split function ON or OFF.

### MULTI-FUNCTION CONTROL (MULTI) (p. 1-6)

Displays the Multi-function menu for various adjustments, or selects a desired item.

## TRANSMIT FREQUENCY CHECK KEY (p. 4-8)

Enables you to monitor the transmit frequency while holding it down in the Split mode.

### TX/RX INDICATOR (p. 3-9)

Lights red while transmitting and lights green while receiving.

#### ONOISE REDUCTION KEY NR (p. 4-6) Turns the Noise Reduction function ON or OFF.

### **③** NOTCH KEY NOTCH (p. 4-6)

Turns the Notch filter ON or OFF.

### TWIN PASSBAND TUNING CONTROL (TWIN PBT OR (p. 4-3)

Adjusts the IF filter's passband width.

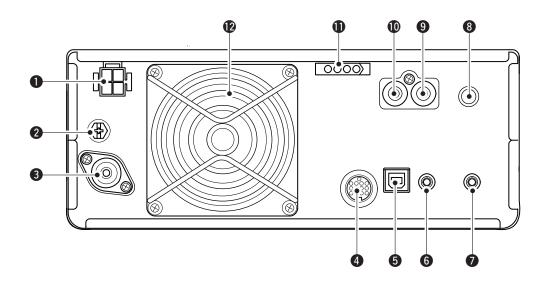
## PREAMP/ATTENUATOR KEY PAMPATI (p. 4-1) Turns ON or OFF, and selects one of two receive

RF preamplifiers or turns the Attenuator ON or OFF.

### NOISE BLANKER KEY NB (p. 4-5)

Turns the Noise Blanker ON or OFF.

### **Rear panel**



### **1** DC POWER SOCKET [DC 13.8 V] (p. 2-2)

Accepts 13.8 V DC through the DC power cable.

#### **Q** GROUND TERMINAL [GND] (p. 2-1)

Connects to ground to prevent electrical shocks, TVI, BCI and other problems.

### **SANTENNA CONNECTOR [ANT] (p. 2-2)**

Connects to a 50  $\Omega$  PL-259 coax connector.

### **4** SOCKET [ACC] (p. 2-2)

Connects to devices to control an external unit or to control the transceiver.

### SUSB PORT (B TYPE) [USB] (p. 2-2)

Connects to a PC.

#### GCI-V REMOTE CONTROL JACK [REMOTE] (p. 2-2)

Connects to a PC or other transceiver for external control.

#### **O EXTERNAL SPEAKER JACK [EXT-SP] (p. 2-2)** Accepts a 4~8 Ω external speaker.

### **③ KEY JACK [KEY] (p. 2-2)**

Connects to a straight key, paddle, or an external electronic keyer with 6.35 mm (1/4") stereo plug.

### SEND CONTROL JACK [SEND] (p. 2-2)

Connects to control transmit with non-lcom external units.

### ALC INPUT JACK [ALC] (p. 2-2)

Connects to the ALC output jack of a non-lcom linear amplifier.

### **1** TUNER CONTROL SOCKET [TUNER] (p. 2-2)

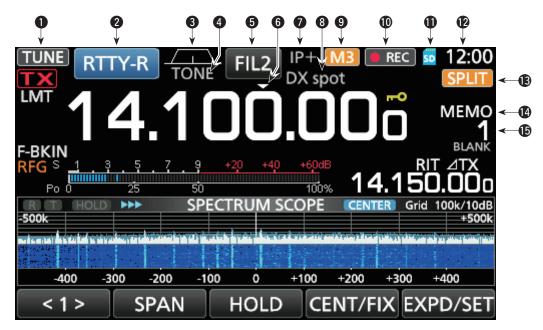
Accepts the control cable from an optional AH-4 or AH-740 AUTOMATIC ANTENNA TUNER.

### COOLING FAN

Cools the PA unit when necessary.

### Touch panel display

This section describes the icons, screens, dialogs, readouts and so on that are displayed on the IC-7300 screen. Refer to the pages posted beside each item for details.



TUNE ICON TUNE (p. 7-1)

Appears while tuning the antenna.

### **2** MODE INDICATOR RTTY-R (p. 3-2)

Displays the selected operating mode.

**③** PASSBAND WIDTH INDICATOR

#### (p. 4-3)

Graphically displays the passband width for twin PBT operation and the center frequency for IF shift operation.

### **4** TONE INDICATOR **TONE** (p. 4-17)

Displays the selected tone type in the tone operation mode.

### **()** IF FILTER INDICATOR **FIL2** (p. 4-4)

Displays the selected IF filter.

### 🔞 QUICK TUNING ICON 🜄

Appears when the Quick Tuning Step function is ON.

### IP PLUS ICON (p. 4-5)

Appears when the IP Plus function is ON.

### 8 MEMORY NAME READOUT (p. 1-8)

Displays the memory name if entered.

### 9 M1~M8/T1~T8/OVF ICON M3

Displays "M1"~"M8" while "External Keypad" on the CONNECTORS screen is set to ON and using the Memory Keyer function (p. 4-14). Displays "T1"~"T8" while using the Voice TX memory. Displays "OVF" when an excessively strong signal is received.

#### **1** VOICE RECORDER ICON **REC** Appears while recording.

**(D)** SD CARD ICON **50** (p. 6-1)

Appears when an SD card is inserted, or blinks while accessing the SD card.

### CLOCK READOUT 23:00 (p. 8-7)

Displays the current local time. Touch the readout to display both the current local time and UTC time.

### (p. 4-10)

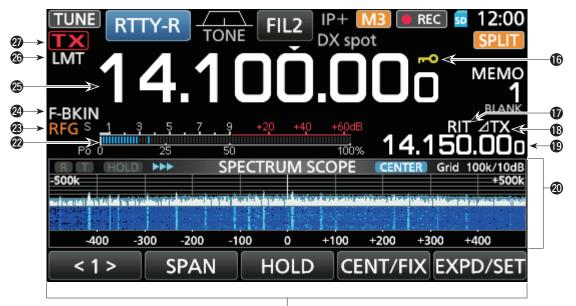
Appears when the Split function is ON.

### VFO/MEMORY ICON MEMO (p. 3-1)

"VFO A" or "VFO B" appears when the VFO mode is selected, and "MEMO" appears when the Memory mode is selected.

### MEMORY CHANNEL READOUT

Displays the selected memory channel number.





### (p. 3-9)

Appears while the Lock Function is ON. **1/4** appears while the 1/4 Tuning function is ON. (p. 3-4)

### RIT ICON RIT (p. 4-1)

Appears while the RIT function is ON.

### ① ∠TX ICON ∠TX (p. 4-8)

Appears while the  $\angle$ TX function is ON.

### SHIFT FREQUENCY READOUT

Displays the shift frequency of the RIT (p. 4-1) or  $\Delta$ TX (p. 4-8) functions, while the functions are ON.

#### O SPECTRUM SCOPE SCREEN (p. 5-1)

Displayed while using the Spectrum Scope.

### **D** FUNCTION DISPLAY

Displays the operating parameters, modes, frequencies and indicators, depending on your selections.

#### MULTI-FUNCTION METER (p. 3-10)

Displays various strengths and levels, depending on the function you select.

#### RF GAIN ICON RFG (p. 3-9)

Appears when (AFORF/SQL) (outer) is set to the counterclockwise from the 11 o'clock position. The icon indicates that the RF gain is reduced.

#### BK-IN/F-BKIN/VOX INDICATOR F-BKIN (p. 4-12) Appears while the Semi Break-in, Full Break-in or VOX function is ON.

### FREQUENCY READOUT (p. 3-3)

Displays the operating frequency.

### LMT ICON

Appears if the power amplifier temperature becomes extremely high and the Protection function is activated after transmitting continuously for long periods of time.

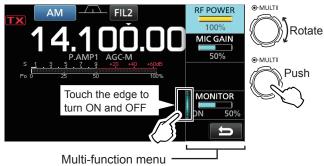
### TX STATUS INDICATOR **TX** (p. 3-9)

Displays the transmit status of the displayed frequency.

- **TX** appears while transmitting.
- **TX** appears when the selected frequency is outside of the band edge frequency range.
- **TX** appears when transmission is inhibited (p. 3-10)

### Touch panel (Continued)

### Multi-function menus



- Open the Multi-function menu by pushing (MULT) (Multi-function control).
- Open special menus by holding down **VOX/BK-IN**, **NB**, **NR**, or **NOTCH** for 1 second.
- While the Multi-function menu is opened, touch the desired item and rotate (MULTI) to set the desired value.

#### Multi-function menu items

SSB	SSB-D	CW	RTTY
RF POWER	RF POWER	RF POWER	RF POWER
MIC GAIN	MIC GAIN	KEY SPEED	TPF <sup>*</sup>
COMP*		CW PITCH	
MONITOR <sup>*</sup>	MONITOR <sup>*</sup>		MONITOR*
FM	AM	NB	NR
RF POWER	RF POWER	LEVEL	LEVEL
MIC GAIN	MIC GAIN	DEPTH	
		WIDTH	
MONITOR <sup>*</sup>	MONITOR <sup>*</sup>		
NOTCH	VOX	BK-IN	
POSITION	GAIN	DELAY	
WIDTH <sup>*</sup>	ANTI VOX		
	DELAY		
	VOICE DELAY SHORT <sup>*</sup>		

\*Touch the edge to turn the function ON or OFF, or adjust.

### ♦ MENU screen



Open the MENU screen by pushing <u>MENU</u>.

### ♦ FUNCTION screen



FUNCTION screen

Open the FUNCTION screen by pushing FUNCTION.
 To close the FUNCTION screen, push EXIT.

#### **FUNCTION screen list**

P.AMP/ATT	AGC <sup>*</sup> 2	NOTCH <sup>*</sup> 2	<b>NB</b> <sup>*</sup> 2
OFF	FAST	OFF	OFF
P.AMP1	MID	AN	ON
P.AMP2	SLOW	MN	
ATT <sup>*1</sup>			
<b>NR</b> *2	IP+	<b>VOX</b> *2	BKIN <sup>*2</sup>
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
ON	ON	ON	BKIN
			F-BKIN
COMP <sup>*2</sup>	TONE <sup>*2</sup>	TBW	1/4
OFF	OFF	WIDE	OFF
ON	TONE	MID	ON
	TSQL	NAR	
MONI <sup>*</sup> 2			

OFF

ON

\*1 Touch for 1 second to select the function.

\*<sup>2</sup> Touch for 1 second to open its function menu.

### **◇ QUICK MENU**



• Open the QUICK MENU by pushing QUICK.

### Keyboard entering and editing

### Entering and editing characters

You can enter and edit the items in the following table.

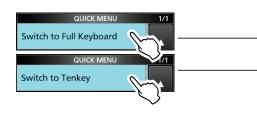
Category	Screen	Selectable characters	Total characters	Information
MENU	MY CALL	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), / @	10	
MEMORY	MEMORY NAME	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), @ % & # + - = []/():; ^ ! ? . ,	10	
	KEYER MEMORY	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), / ? ^ . , @	70	"*" (asterisk) has its unique use.
FUNCTION	RTTY MEMORY	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), ! \$ & ? " ' - / . , : ; ( )	70	
	VOICE TX RECORD	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _! " # \$ % & '() * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\]^_`{I}~	16	
SD Card	FILE NAME	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _! " # \$ % & '() * + , / :; < = > ? @ [\]^_`{I}~	15	Illegal characters: / : ; * < >

### ♦ Keyboard types

You can select the Full Keyboard or Tenkey in "Keyboard Type" on the FUNCTION screen. (p. 8-4)

MENU » SET > Function > Keyboard Type

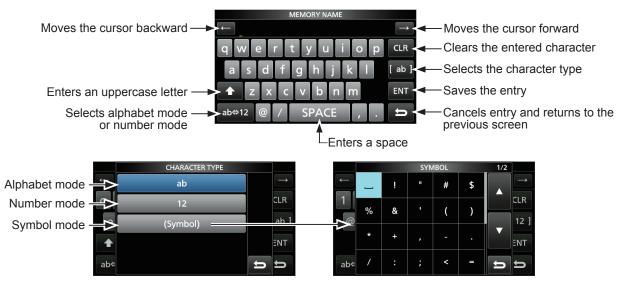
①You can also temporarily switch in the QUICK MENU by pushing QUICK.



← _			$[ \rightarrow ]$
q w e	r t y u	i o p	CLR
a s d	f g h	j k l	[ ab ]
🕇 Z X	c v b	n m	ENT
ab⇔12 @	/ SPAC	E,.	IJ
	MEMORY N/	AME	
← _	MEMORY NA	AME	
← 	MEMORY N/	DEF	→ CLR
←/@ 			→ CLR [ AB ]
	ABC	DEF	

MEMORY NAME

### ♦ Entering and editing



### Keypad entering and editing (Continued)

### ♦ Entering and editing example

Entering "DX spot 1" in the Memory channel 2

1. Open the MEMORY screen.

MENU » MEMORY

2. Touch the memory channel 2 for 1 second.



You can also open the QUICK MENU by touching this key.

Rotate

Push

●-MULTI

- Opens the QUICK MENU.
- 3. Select "Edit Name."



• Opens the MEMORY NAME screen.

4. Touch [†], and then touch [D].



- 5. Touch  $[\uparrow]$  again, and then touch [X].
- 6. Touch [SPACE].



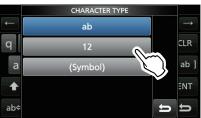
Enters a space.

- 7. Touch [s], [p], [o], and then [t].
- 8. Touch [SPACE].
  - Enters a space.

9. Touch [ab].



- Opens the entry CHARACTER TYPE screen.
- 10. Touch [12].



- 11. Touch [1].
- 12. Touch [ENT] to save the entry.



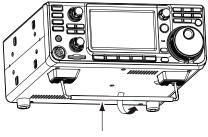


• Returns to the previous screen.

### Selecting a location

Select a location for the transceiver that allows adequate air circulation, free from extreme heat, cold or vibrations, and other electromagnetic sources.

The transceiver has a stand for desktop use.



Stand

**CAUTION: NEVER** carry the transceiver by holding the stand, dials, controls and so on. This may damage them.

### Heat dissipation

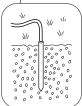
- **DO NOT** place the transceiver against walls or put anything on top of the transceiver. This may block airflow and overheat the transceiver.
- **NEVER** install the transceiver in a place without adequate ventilation. Heat dissipation may be reduced, and the transceiver may be damaged.
- **DO NOT** touch the transceiver after transmitting continuously for long periods of time. The transceiver may become hot.

### Grounding

To prevent electrical shock, television interference (TVI), broadcast interference (BCI) and other problems, ground the transceiver using the ground terminal [GND] on the rear panel.

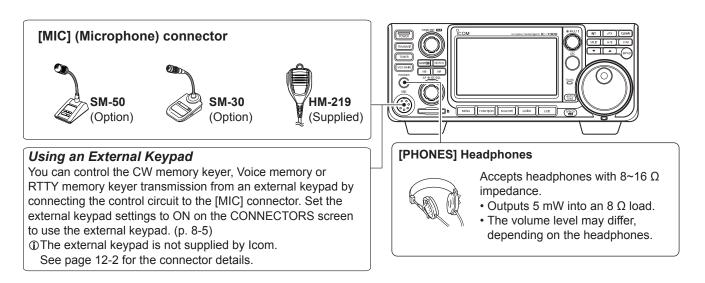
For best results, connect a heavy gauge wire or strap to a long ground rod. Make the distance between the [GND] terminal and ground as short as possible.



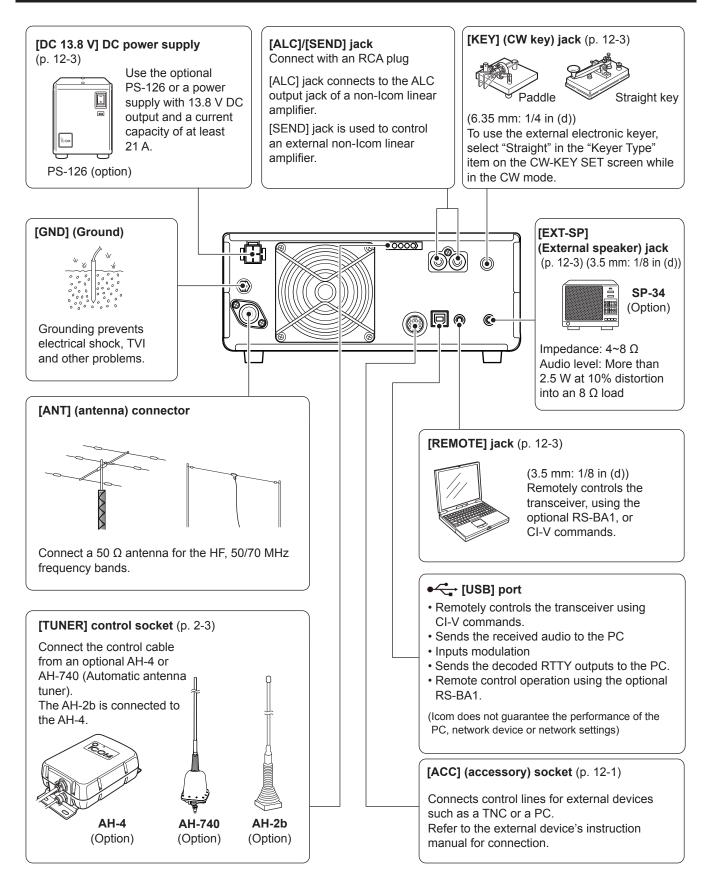


 $\triangle$  **WARNING! NEVER** connect the [GND] terminal to a gas or electric pipe, since the connection could cause an explosion or electric shock.

### Front panel connection



### **Rear panel connection**

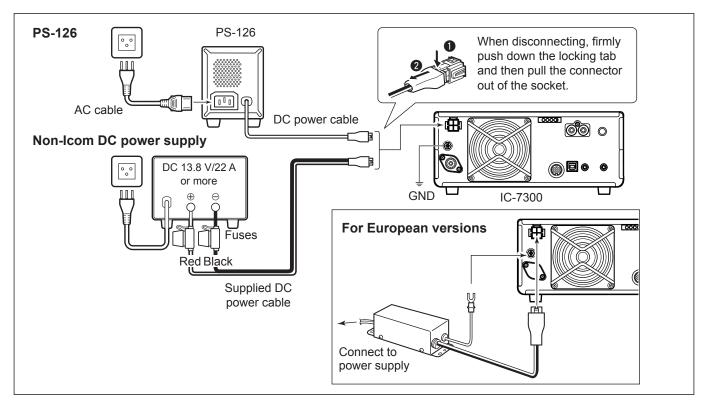


### Connecting an external DC power supply

Confirm that the transceiver is OFF before connecting the DC power cable.

- ①We recommend using Icom's optional PS-126 (DC 13.8 V/25 A) power supply.
- - DC 13.8 V (Capacity: At least 21 Amps)
  - A power supply with an over current protective line and low voltage fluctuation or ripple.

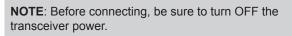
**CAUTION: DO NOT** touch the cooling fan on the rear panel of the transceiver after transmitting continuously for long periods of time. The transceiver becomes extremely hot.

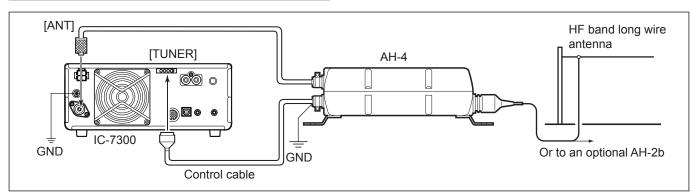


### Connecting the antenna tuner

The AH-4 matches the IC-7300 to the optional AH-2b or a long wire antenna more than 7 m/23 ft long (between 3.5 MHz and 50 MHz).

③See the AH-4 instruction manual for installation and connection details.

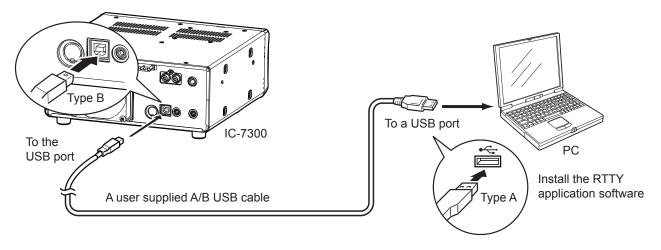




### FSK and AFSK connections

The transceiver has a mode key for RTTY. You can use a PC and an application software to operate RTTY using a USB cable. However, if you want to operate RTTY or other digital modes, you can use the ACC socket on the rear panel through an interface unit. Refer to the software application's instruction manual for setup details. (Icom does not guarantee performance of the application software, PC, network device or network settings.)

### (1) When using the USB port



#### TIP:

you connect the circuit to

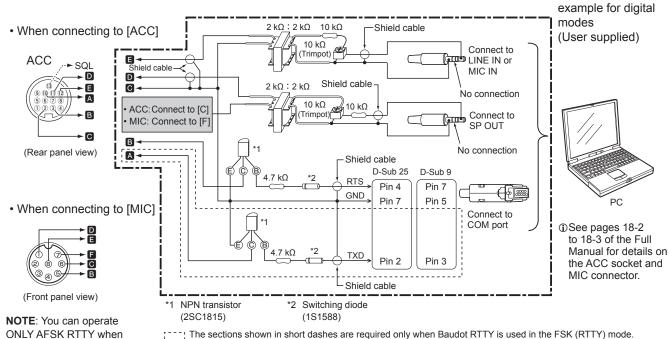
the microphone connector.

• If you set the "USB Serial Function" item to "RTTY Decode," the decoded RTTY signals are output from the USB port. **MENU** » SET > Connectors > USB Serial Function

Interface circuit

 You can download the USB driver and the installation guide from the Icom website. http://www.icom.co.jp/world/index.html
 (Support > Firmware Updates/Software Downloads > Transceiver)

### (2) When using the ACC socket or the microphone connector

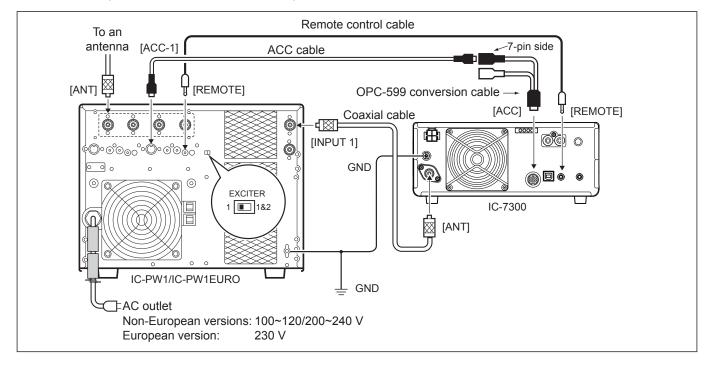


The sections shown in short dashes are required only when Baudot RTTY is used in the FSK (RTTY) mode. (Not required for other digital modes such as SSTV or PSK)

### \_inear amplifier connections

### ♦ Connecting the IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO

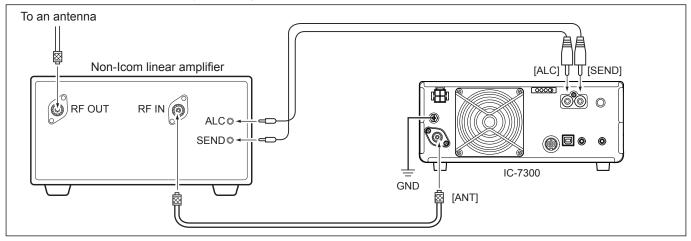
See the illustration below to connect the optional IC-PW1 or IC-PW1EURO HF/50 MHz ALL BAND 1 kW LINEAR AMPLIFIER. Refer to the amplifier's instruction manual for operation.



### Connecting a non-lcom linear amplifier

See the illustration below to connect a non-lcom linear amplifier.

①We recommend that you use a linear amplifier with a specified input power of 100 watts or more. If you use an amplifier with a specified drive level of less than 100 watts, adjust the IC-7300's output power to the specified level before transmitting. Otherwise the linear amplifier may be damaged.



### **∆** WARNING!

- The maximum signal level of the [SEND] jack is 16 V/0.5 A DC. Use an external unit if your non-lcom linear amplifier requires a control voltage and/or current greater than specified.
- The ALC input level must be in the range 0 to -4 V. The transceiver does not accept a positive voltage. Non-matched ALC and RF power settings could overheat or damage the linear amplifier.
- When using a linear amplifier such as the IC-PW1 or IC-PW1EURO, set the RF POWER in the Multi-function menu to keep the ALC meter in the red zone.
  - ① See page 3-9 for details on the RF POWER① See page 3-10 for details on the ALC zone.

## **BASIC OPERATION**

### When first applying power

Before turning ON your transceiver for the first time, make sure all of the following are correctly connected.

- DC power cable
- Antenna
- · Grounding wire
- Microphone\*
- \*Different devices may be used, depending on the operating mode.

If all listed above are correctly connected, set (AF • RF/SQL) (inner/outer) to the positions described below.

12 o'clock position (outer)

Maximum counterclockwise (inner)



**TIP**: When you turn OFF the transceiver, it memorizes the current settings. Therefore, when you turn ON the transceiver again, the it restarts with the same settings.

### Turning power ON or OFF

- To turn ON the transceiver, push (POWER).
- To turn OFF the transceiver, hold down **POWER** for 2 seconds until "POWER OFF..." is displayed.

### Adjusting the volume level

Rotate (AF - RF/SQL) (inner) to adjust the volume level.

### About the VFO and Memory modes

### VFO mode

You can set the desired frequency by rotating (MAIN DIAL).

### Memory mode

You can enter contents into the desired channel in the MEMORY list.

### Selecting the VFO mode or Memory mode

Push VIM to select the VFO or Memory mode.





VFO mode (Example: VFO A)

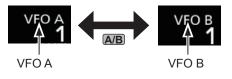
Memory mode (Example: Memory channel 1)

### Using the VFO mode

The IC-7300 has 2 Variable Frequency Oscillators (VFO), "A" and "B." Having 2 VFOs is convenient to quickly select 2 frequencies, or for split frequency operation (p. 4-10). You can use either of the VFOs to operate on a frequency and mode.

### ♦ Selecting VFO A or VFO B

Push AB to select the VFO A or VFO B.



### ♦ Equalizing VFO A and VFO B

You can set the displayed VFO's frequency to the VFO that is not displayed. Hold down AB until 2 short beeps sound.

### Selecting the operating band

Do the following steps to change the operating band. Also, the band stacking register provides 3 memories for each band key to store frequencies and operating modes. This function is convenient to guickly recall previously operated frequencies and modes on the selected band.

### ♦ Using the band stacking registers

Follow the steps below to enter a register on the selected band. (Example: Memorizing 21 MHz)

1. Touch the MHz digits. (Example: 14)



- Opens the BAND STACKING REGISTER screen.
- Touch a band key. (Example: [21]) 2.



BAND STACKING REGISTER screen

· Displays a 21 MHz frequency.

#### TIP: Selecting a different Register

①Touching the band key for 1 second changes between the 3 Registers.

3. Set the frequency and the operating mode. (Example: 21.30000 MHz in the USB mode)



- 4. Touch the MHz digits again. The frequency and operating mode set in step 3 is memorized in the top Register.
- 5. By repeating the steps above, the Register that a new frequency and operating mode are set in is memorized.

### Selecting the operating mode

You can select between the SSB, SSB data, CW, CW reverse, RTTY, RTTY reverse, AM, AM data, FM and FM data modes.

1. Touch the mode icon (example: USB).



2. In the MODE screen, touch the desired mode key. (Example: CW). ①In the SSB, AM or FM modes, the [DATA] key is displayed.

MODE			
SSB	CW RTTY		
AM			

MODE screen

Operating mode selection list

①Touch mode key to select the operating mode

Mode key	Operating mode		
[SSB]	LSB	USB	
[CW]	CW	CW-R	
[RTTY]	RTTY	RTTY-R	
[AM]	AM		
[FM]	FM		
	LSB	LSB-D	
[DATA]	USB	USB-D	
	AM	AM-D	
	FM	FM-D	

#### Selecting the Data mode

You can operate RTTY in the data mode using AFSK (Audio Frequency Shift Keying).

When a data mode is selected, you can mute the input from the microphone. (p. 3-2)

```
MENU » SET > Connectors > DATA MOD
```

(Example: selecting the USB-D mode)

- 1. While the USB mode is selected, touch the mode icon.
- · Opens the MODE screen.
- 2. Touch [DATA].



The USB-D mode is selected.

### Setting the frequency

### ♦ Using the Main Dial

 Select the desired operating band. (Example: 21 MHz)



BAND STACKING REGISTER screen

2. Rotate (MAIN DIAL).



①If you cannot change the frequency, make sure the Dial Lock function is turned OFF. (p. 3-9)

(1) is displayed when you set an amateur radio frequency, and is displayed when you set a frequency outside the Ham band, or outside your set Band Edges.

### ♦ About the Tuning Step function

You can set the (MAIN DIAL)'s tuning step for each operating mode. The following steps are set as default.

- SSB/CW/RTTY (TS OFF): 10 Hz
- AM (TS ON): 1 kHz
- FM (TS ON): 10 kHz

Touch the kHz digits to turn the Tuning Step function ON or OFF.

① The Tuning Step function's icon "▼" is displayed above the 1 kHz digit.



### ♦ Changing the Tuning Step

When the Tuning Step function is ON, you can change the tuning steps for each operating mode.

- 1. Select the desired operating mode. (p. 3-2) (Example: USB)
- Touch the kHz digit for 1 second.
   The TS (SSB) screen is displayed.



- Touch the desired tuning step. (Example: 0.1 k)
  - The tuning step is set and returns to the previous screen.



TS (SSB) screen

### About the 1 Hz step Fine Tuning function

You can use the minimum tuning step of 1 Hz for fine tuning in the SSB, CW and RTTY modes.

Touch the Hz digits for 1 second to turn the Fine Tuning function ON or OFF.



(1) When using the [UP]/[DN] keys on the microphone, the frequency changes in 50 Hz steps with the Fine Tuning function ON or OFF.

### Setting the frequency (Continued)

### ♦ About the 1/4 Tuning function Mode: SSB-D/CW/RTTY

With the Tuning Function OFF, turn ON the 1/4 Tuning function to reduce the tuning speed to 1/4 of the normal speed, for finer tuning.

- 1. Push FUNCTION.
- Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 2. Touch [1/4].



FUNCTION screen

3. Push EXIT.



### ♦ About the Auto Tuning Step function

The tuning step automatically changes, depending on the rotating speed of (MAIN DIAL).

①You can change the Auto Tuning Step function settings in the following menu. (p. 8-4)

MENU » SET > Function > MAIN DIAL Auto TS

### ♦ Directly entering a frequency

You can set the frequency without rotating (MAIN DIAL) by directly entering on the keypad.

### Entering the operating frequency

1. Touch the MHz digits. (Example: 14)



- Opens the BAND STACKING REGISTER screen.
- 2. Touch [F-INP].



BAND STACKING REGISTER screen

- Opens the F-INP screen.
- 3. Start entry with the MHz digits.
  To clear the entry, touch [CE].
  To clear the entry and return to the previous screen, push **EXIT**.



F-INP screen (Example:14.025)

4. Touch [ENT] to set the entered frequency.Closes the F-INP screen.

① If you touch [ENT] when the digits under 100 kHz are not entered, "0" will be automatically entered into the digits that are blank.

#### Entry examples

- 14.025 MHz: [1], [4], [•(-)], [0], [2], [5], [ENT]
- 18.0725 MHz: [1], [8], [•(-)], [0], [7], [2], [5], [ENT]
- 730 kHz: [0], [•(-)], [7], [3], [ENT]
- 5.100 MHz: [5], [•(-)], [1], [ENT]
- 7.000 MHz: [7], [ENT]
- Changing from 21.280 MHz to 21.245 MHz: [•(-)], [2], [4], [5], [ENT]

### Setting the frequency (Continued)

#### **Entering the Split Frequency Offset**

1. Touch the MHz digits. (Example: 14)



- Opens the BAND STACKING REGISTER screen.
- 2. Touch [F-INP].



BAND STACKING REGISTER screen

- Opens the F-INP screen.
- 3. Enter the Split Frequency Offset.
  ① If you want the minus shift direction, touch [•(-)].
  ① Enter the offset between -9.999 MHz and +9.999 MHz (1 kHz steps).



Touch for -Split

4. To save the entry, touch [SPLIT] or [-SPLIT].Closes the F-INP screen.

#### Entry examples

- 10 kHz: [1], [0], [SPLIT]
- -1.025 MHz: [•(-)], [1], [0], [2], [5], [-SPLIT]
- ①After entering, the Split function is automatically turned ON.

#### **Entering a Memory channel**

1. Touch VIM to select the Memory mode.



VFO mode (Example: VFO A)

Memory mode (Example: Memory channel 1)

2. Touch the MHz digits. (Example: 14)



• Opens the BAND STACKING REGISTER screen.

3. Touch [F-INP].



BAND STACKING REGISTER screen

• Opens the F-INP screen.

- 4. Enter a Memory channel number between 1 and 99. (Memory channel 5)
  - (If you want to set the Program Channel number (P1 or P2), enter "100" for P1, and "101" for P2.



5. Touch [MEMO] to select the entered channel. • Closes the F-INP screen.

### ♦ Band Edge Beep

You will hear a Band Edge Beep and **TX** will be displayed when you tune into or out of an amateur band's frequency range.

①You can change the Band Edge Beep settings in the following menu.

MENU » SET > Function > Band Edge Beep

3-5

### Setting the frequency (Continued)

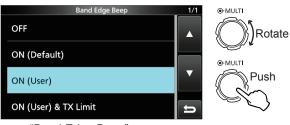
### ♦ Entering a Band Edge

When "ON (User)" or "ON (User) & TX Limit" is selected on the "Band Edge Beep" screen, you can enter a total of 30 band edge frequency pairs.

①Initially, all Ham band frequencies are entered into the first 11 band edges. Therefore, you must first edit or delete them to enter a new band edge.

①You cannot enter an overlapping frequency, or a frequency that is out of the preset Ham band frequencies.

- Open the "Band Edge Beep" screen.
   MENU » SET > Function > Band Edge Beep
- Select "ON (User)" or "ON (User) & TX Limit."
   If you select "ON (User) & TX Limit," you can limit transmission to within the entered frequency range.



"Band Edge Beep" screen

3. Select "User Band Edge."



FUNCTION set screen

• Opens the "User Band Edge" screen.

### Editing a Band Edge

You can edit a band edge entered as a default or when entering a new band edge.

- 1. On the FUNCTION set screen, select "User Band Edge."
- 2. Touch the band edge you want to edit for 1 second.

(Example: 5: 14.000.000 - 14.350.000 MHz)



3. Edit the lower band edge frequency. (Example: 14.1)



#### Entry examples

- 14.025 MHz: [1], [4], [•], [0], [2], [5], [ENT]
- 18.0725 MHz: [1], [8], [•], [0], [7], [2], [5], [ENT]
- 730 kHz: [0], [•], [7], [3], [ENT]
- 5.100 MHz: [5], [•], [1], [ENT]
- 7.000 MHz: [7], [ENT]
- Changing from 21.280 MHz to 21.245 MHz: [•], [2], [4], [5], [ENT]
- 4. Touch [ENT] to save the edited lower band edge frequency.

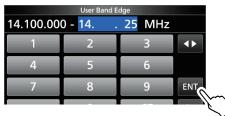
User Band Edge				
14 1 - 14.350.000 MHz				
1	2	3		
4	5	6		
7	8	9	ENT	
	0	CE	í de N	

5. Edit the upper band edge frequency. (Example: 14.25)

User Band Edge				
14.100.000 - 14.350.000 MHz				
1	2		3	
4	5		6	

6. Touch [ENT] to save the edited upper band edge frequency.

The edited band edge is saved and returns to the previous screen.



#### TIP:

- You can also edit the frequency by rotating (MAIN DIAL) or (MULT).
- Each band edge must be higher in frequency than the ones above it. If you try to enter a lower frequency than the edge above, the lower frequency edge will be cleared when you push [ENT].

### Setting the frequency

#### Entering a Band Edge (Continued)

#### **Deleting a Band Edge**

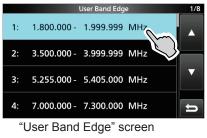
To enter a new band edge, first you must delete a preset band edge.

 Initially, all Ham band frequencies are entered into the first 11 band edges. Therefore, you must first edit or delete them to enter a new band edge.

①You cannot enter an overlapping frequency, or a frequency that is out of the preset Ham band frequencies.

- 1. On the FUNCTION set screen, select "User Band Edge."
- 2. Touch the desired band edge to delete for 1 second.

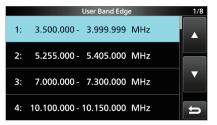
(Example: 1: 1.800.000 – 1.999.999 MHz)



3. Touch "Delete."



• The selected band edge is deleted and returns to the previous screen.

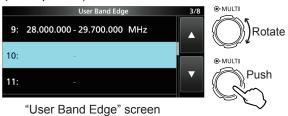


1.800.000 - 1.999.999 MHz is deleted.

### Entering a new Band Edge

After you delete or edit the preset band edges, you can enter a new band edge.

- 1. Open the "User Band Edge" screen.
- 2. Select a blank band. (Example: 10)



3. Enter the lower band edge frequency. (Example: 51.15)

· ·	,	
	User Band E	dge
		MHz
1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9 ENT

4. Touch [ENT] to save the entered lower band edge frequency.

	User Band E	dge	
51 1!	5	MHz	
1	2	3	
4	5	6	
7	8	9	ENT
•	0	CE	5

5. Enter the upper band edge frequency. (Example: .75)

User Band Edge				
51.150.00	<mark>) -</mark> 51.150.	000 MHz		
1	2	3		
4	5	6		
7	78	9	ENT	
. 0	0	CE	U	

6. Touch [ENT] to save the entered upper band edge frequency.

User Band Edge				
51.150.00	75 MHz			
1	2	3		
4	5	6		
7	8	9	ENT	
•	0	CE	ы	

• The entered band edge is saved and returns to the previous screen.

### Setting the frequency

#### Entering a Band Edge (Continued)

#### Inserting a Band Edge

After you delete or edit the preset band edges, follow the steps below to insert a band edge.

 Initially, all Ham band frequencies are entered into the first 11 band edges. Therefore, you must first edit or delete them to enter a new band edge.

①You cannot enter an overlapping frequency, or a frequency that is out of the preset Ham band frequencies.

- 1. Open the "User Band Edge" screen.
- Touch the band edge you want to insert a new band edge above for 1 second. (Example: 1: 3.500.000–3.999.999 MHz)

The new band edge will be inserted above the selected band edge.



"User Band Edge" screen

3. Touch "Insert."



4. Enter the lower band edge frequency. (Example: 1.85)



5. Touch [ENT] to save the entered lower band edge frequency.



6. Enter the upper band edge frequency. (Example: .95)

User Band Edge					
1.850.000 -		1.850.000 MHz			
1		2		3	
4		5		6	
7		8		9	ENT
		-		-	

- 7. Touch [ENT] to save the entered upper band edge frequency.The entered band edge is saved and returns to the
  - User Band Edge

     1.850.000 1.
     . 95
     MHz

     1
     2
     3
     ↓

     4
     5
     6

     7
     8
     9
     ENT

#### Resetting all band edges to presets

The steps below will reset all the band edges to their initial settings. All entered settings will be deleted.

CE

+

- 1. Open the "User Band Edge" screen.
- 2. Touch any band edge for 1 second.



3. Touch "Default."



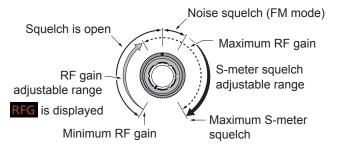
- Displays "Reset All Edges?"
- 4. Touch [YES].
  - All the band edges reset to the initial settings.

	User Band Edge	1/8
1:	Reset All Edges?	
2:		
3:	YES NO	•
4:	16.500.000 - 17.500.000	IJ

### **RF** gain and SQL level

Rotate (AF ORF/SQL) (outer) to adjust the RF gain and SQL level.

By default, rotating to left (when set to the 12 o'clock position) adjusts the RF gain, and rotating to right adjusts the squelch level as described below.



### RF gain

Adjust the RF gain to decrease the noise received from a nearby strong station.

Rotate counterclockwise to reduce the RF gain, which reduces the receive sensitivity. "RFG" appears when (AF or RF/SQL) is set to the counterclockwise from the 11 o'clock position. "RFG" indicates that the RF gain is reduced.
① If a strong signal is received and "OVF" (Overflow) appears, reduce the RF gain until "OVF" disappears.

### SQL level

There are 2 types of SQL levels, depending on the operating mode.

### Noise squelch

Rotate the AF **● RF/SQL** (outer) until the noise just disappears and the TX/RX indicator goes OFF.

### S-meter squelch

The S-meter squelch disables the audio output from the speaker or headphones when the received signal is weaker than the specified S-meter squelch level. Rotate the  $(AF \otimes RF/SQL)$  clockwise from the 12 o'clock position to increase the S-meter threshold level.

① You can change the (AF ORF/SQL)(outer) control type in "RF/SQL Control." (p. 8-3)

MENU » SET > Function > RF/SQL Control

### **Dial Lock function**

The Dial Lock function prevents frequency changes caused by accidently moving (MAIN DIAL). () This function electronically locks the dial.

Hold down (Fighthered) for 1 second to turn the Dial Lock function ON or OFF. • "TO" is displayed while the function is ON.



Hold down

 During Split Frequency operation, the Split Lock function may be turned ON. (p. 8-4)

MENU » SET > Function > Lock Function

### **Basic transmission**

- 1. Push **TRANSMIT** or [PTT] to transmit.
  - The TX/RX indicator lights red and TX is displayed while transmitting.
- Push TRANSMIT or release [PTT].
   Returns to receive.

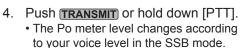
# Adjusting the transmit output power

Before transmitting, monitor your selected operating frequency to make sure you do not cause interference to other stations on the same frequency. It is good amateur practice to listen first, and then, even if nothing is heard, ask if the frequency in use once or twice, before you start operating.

### Adjusting the transmit output power

- Set the operating mode to SSB, CW, RTTY or FM. (p. 3-2)
  - (Example: USB)
- 2. Touch the meter to display the Po meter. (p. 3-10)
- 3. Open the Multi-function menu.







Push

• The TX/RX indicator lights red and **TX** is displayed.

Lights red

①Tune the antenna before you view the power meter level on the meter. If the antenna is not tuned properly, the meter will not reflect the power level.

- 5. Touch "RF POWER."
- 6. Adjust the transmit output power to between 0 and 100%.



- The Po meter displays the RF output power in a percentage. It becomes the S-meter while receiving.
- 7. Push **TRANSMIT** or release [PTT].
  - Returns to receive.

### **Meter display**

### ♦ Meter display selection

You can display one of the 6 different transmit parameters (Po, SWR, ALC, COMP, VD and ID) for your convenience.

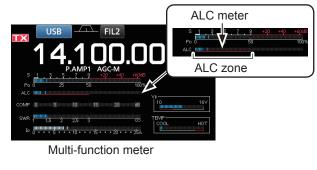
Touch the parameter to display one of the meters.

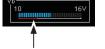


### Multi-function meter

You can display all the parameters simultaneously. The TEMP meter is also displayed on the Multi-function meter.

Hold down the parameter for 1 second to display the Multi-function meter.







Displays the drain voltage of the final amplifier MOS-FETs.

- Displays the temperature of the final amplifier MOS-FETs.
- **S:** Displays the receiving signal strength level.
- Po: Displays the relative RF output power.SWR: Displays the SWR of the antenna at the frequency.
- ALC: Displays the ALC level. When the meter movement shows the input signal level exceeds the allowed level, the ALC limits the RF power. In such cases, decrease the microphone gain level.
- **COMP:** Displays the compression level when the speech compressor is used.
- VD: Displays the drain voltage of the final amplifier MOS-FETs.
- ID: Displays the drain current of the final amplifier MOS-FETs.
- **TEMP:** Displays the temperature of the final amplifier MOS-FETs.

### Adjusting the microphone gain

Adjust the microphone gain as described below.

- 1. Set the operating mode to SSB, AM or FM. (p. 3-2)
- 2. Push (MULTI) to display the Multi-function menu.
- 3. Touch "MIC GAIN."



- 4. Push **TRANSMIT** or hold down [PTT] on the microphone.
  - The TX/RX indicator lights red and **TX** is displayed.



Lights red

5. Rotate **MULTI** to adjust the microphone gain.

### ①Information

- In the SSB mode, touch the TX meter to select the ALC meter and adjust until the meter reading swings between 30 to 50% of the ALC scale.
- Hold the microphone 5 to 10 cm (2 to 4 inches) from your mouth, then speak at your normal voice level.
- In the AM or FM mode, check the audio clarity with another station, or use the Monitor function (p. 4-8).
- Push (TRANSMIT) or release [PTT].
   Returns to receive

### About the 5 MHz frequency band operation (USA version only)

Operation on the 5 MHz frequency band is allowed on 5 discrete frequencies and you must adhere to the following:

- The USB, USB Data, PSK, and CW modes.
- Maximum of 100 watts ERP (Effective Radiated Power)
- Maximum 2.8 kHz bandwidth

It is your responsibility to set all controls so that transmission in this frequency band meets the stringent conditions under which amateur operations may use these frequencies.

**TIP:** We recommend that you save these frequencies, modes and filter settings into memory channels, for easy recall.

**NOTE:** To assist you in operating within the rules specified by the FCC, transmission is illegal on any frequencies other than the five shown in the tables below.

### For the USB and USB data modes:

The FCC specifies center frequencies on the 5 MHz frequency band. However, the transceiver displays carrier frequency. Therefore, tune the transceiver to 1.5 kHz below the specified FCC channel center frequency.

Transceiver displayed	FCC channel center
frequency	frequency
5.33050 MHz	5.33200 MHz
5.34650 MHz	5.34800 MHz
5.35700 MHz	5.35850 MHz
5.37150 MHz	5.37300 MHz
5.40350 MHz	5.40500 MHz

#### For the CW mode:

The transceiver displays the center frequency. Therefore, tune the transceiver to the specified FCC channel frequency when you operate in the CW mode.

Transceiver displayed frequency	FCC channel center frequency
5.33200 MHz	5.33200 MHz
5.34800 MHz	5.34800 MHz
5.35850 MHz	5.35850 MHz
5.37300 MHz	5.37300 MHz
5.40500 MHz	5.40500 MHz

### Preamplifiers

The preamps amplify received signals in the receiver front end to improve the signal-to-noise ratio and sensitivity. A preamp is used when receiving weak signals.

①Each band memorizes the Preamplifier setting.

#### Push P.AMP (P.AMP).

①Each push changes between "P.AMP1," "P.AMP2," and OFF (no icon).



Displayed when the preamp is used. (Example: P.AMP1)

P.AMP1	Wide dynamic range preamplifier. It is most effective for the HF low bands.	
P.AMP2	High-gain preamplifier. It is most effective for the higher bands.	

**NOTE**: When you use the preamp while receiving strong signals, the receiving signal may be distorted. In such case, turn OFF the preamp.

### Attenuator

The Attenuator prevents a desired signal from becoming distorted when a very strong signal is near the frequency, or when a very strong electric field, such as from a broadcasting station, is near your location.

①Each band memorizes the Attenuator setting.

Hold down **P.AMP** (ATT) for 1 second to turn ON the Attenuator.

③Pushing P.AMPAT turns OFF the Attenuator (no icon).



### **RIT** function

The RIT (Receive Increment Tuning) function compensates for differences in frequencies of other stations.

The function shifts the receive frequency up to  $\pm 9.99$  without shifting the transmit frequency.

1. Push RIT.

The RIT function turns ON.
While using the Fine Tuning function (p. 3-3), the RIT frequency is displayed in 4 digits, instead of 3.
Pushing RIT again turns OFF the RIT function.



2. Set the RIT frequency to match the receiving station's frequency.



①You can reset the RIT frequency to "0.00" by holding down CLEAR for 1 second.

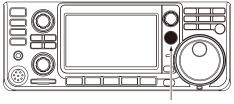
①You can add the frequency shift to the operating frequency by holding down RIT for 1 second.

3. After communicating, push RIT to turn the RIT function OFF.

### ♦ RIT monitor function

When the RIT function is ON, you can directly monitor the operating frequency by holding down **(XFC)**.

 While monitoring, the RIT function is temporarily OFF.
 While monitoring, the settings for the Noise Reduction, Notch filter and Twin PBT are temporarily OFF.



While holding down **XFC**.

### **AGC** function control

The AGC (Automatic Gain Control) controls receiver gain to produce a constant audio output level, even when the received signal strength varies greatly.

# ♦ Selecting the AGC time constant preset value

The transceiver has 3 preset AGC settings for all modes except for the FM mode (time constants: FAST, MID and SLOW).

- 1. Select the operating mode.
- (Example: SSB) 2. Push **FUNCTION**.
- Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Touch [AGC] to select the desired time constant.
  ①Touching [AGC] selects FAST, MID or SLOW.
  ①For the FM mode, FAST is fixed.



FUNCTION screen (SSB mode)

4. To close the FUNCTION screen, EXIT.

### ♦ Setting the AGC time constant

You can set the preset AGC time constant to the desired value.

- 1. Select the operating mode. (Example: SSB)
- Push FUNCTION.
   Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Touch [AGC] for 1 second.



FUNCTION screen (SSB mode)

• Opens the AGC (SSB) screen.

 Touch either FAST, MID or SLOW to select the desired AGC to adjust the time constant. (Example: MID)



You can reset to the default settings by touching this key for 1 second.

AGC (SSB) screen (SSB mode)

- Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to set the time constant.
   The adjustable time constants are described in the table below.
- 6. To close the AGC (SSB) screen, push EXIT.

### Selectable AGC Time constant (unit: seconds)

Mode	Default		Adjustable time constant
	0.3	(FAST)	
LSB USB	2.0	(MID)	OFF, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 0.8, 1.2,
036	6.0	(SLOW)	1.6, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0 or 6.0
	0.1	(FAST)	
CW/RTTY	0.5	(MID)	OFF, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 0.8, 1.2, 1.6, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0 or 6.0
	1.2	(SLOW)	1.0, 2.0, 2.3, 3.0, 4.0, 3.0 01 0.0
	3.0	(FAST)	
AM	5.0	(MID)	OFF, 0.3, 0.5, 0.8, 1.2, 1.6, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0 or 8.0
	7.0	(SLOW)	2.5, 5.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0 01 8.0
FM	0.1	(FAST)	Fixed

**NOTE**: When you are receiving weak signals, and a strong signal is momentarily received, the AGC function quickly reduces the receiver gain. When that signal disappears, the transceiver may not receive the weak signal because of the AGC action. In that case, select FAST, or touch [AGC] for 1 second to open the AGC screen, and then select OFF the time constant setting.

### **Using the Twin PBT**

### SSB, CW, RTTY and AM modes

In general, the Twin PBT (Passband Tuning) electronically narrows the IF passband width by shifting the IF frequency to slightly outside of the IF filter passband, to reject interference. The IC-7300 uses DSP for the PBT function.

You can narrow the IF passband width by rotating both (TWIN PBTORE) inner (PBT1) and outer (PBT2) to the opposite direction from each other.

①You can see the nearby signal using the Spectrum Scope (Section 5).

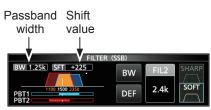
1. Rotate (TWIN PBTOLE) inner (PBT1) and outer (PBT2) to the opposite direction from each other.



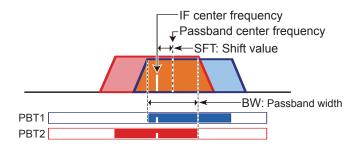
#### Information

- Match both the (TWIN PBTOR) (inner) (PBT1) and outer (PBT2) filters before operating the Twin PBT.
- Rejects interference of both higher and lower passbands.
- If you rotate the control too much, the received audio may not be heard because the passband width is too narrow.
- Displays the passband width and shift value.
- A dot is displayed above the passband width when you rotate (TWIN PBT CER).
- Hold down (TWIN PBTOR) for 1 second to clear the PBT setting (the dot disappears).
- The PBT is adjustable in 50 Hz steps in the SSB, CW, and RTTY modes, and 200 Hz in the AM mode. In this case, the center shift value changes in 25 Hz steps in the SSB, CW, and RTTY modes, and 100 Hz in the AM mode.
- Rotating both the inner and outer controls to the same position shifts the IF left or right.

 Touch the Filter icon for 1 second to display the current passband width and shift frequency.
 Opens the FILTER screen.

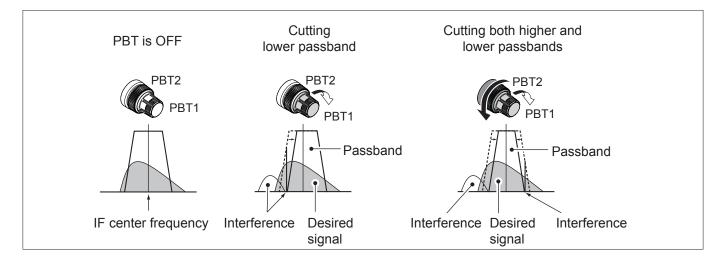


FILTER (SSB) screen (while operating Twin PBT)



3. To close the FILTER screen, push EXIT.

**NOTE**: While rotating **TWIN PBTER**, you may hear noise. This comes from the DSP unit and does not indicate an equipment malfunction.



### Selecting the IF filter

The transceiver has 3 IF filter passband widths for each mode, and you can select them on the FILTER screen. You can set the IF filter to wide (FIL 1), mid (FIL 2) or narrow (FIL 3).

- 1. Select the operating mode. (Example: USB)
- Touch the filter icon for 1 second.
   Opens the FILTER (SSB) screen.



- Touch the filter icon more times to select FIL 1 (wide), FIL 2 (mid) or FIL 3 (narrow).
- 4. Touch [BW].
  - · Selects the passband width mode.



FILTER (SSB) screen (when FIL 2 is selected)

 Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to select the passband width.
 (i) You cannot change the passband width in the FM or FM-D mode.

When you change the passband width, the Twin PBT setting value is reset to the center position.



Passband width mode



Touch for 1 second to reset to default.

Displayed when a band width less than 500 Hz is selected in the SSB or CW mode.

6. Touch [BW].

• Cancels the passband width mode.

- 7. Repeat steps 2 to 6 to set the passband width for other modes except for the FM and FM-D.
- 8. To close the FILTER screen, push **EXIT**.

**TIP**: When you set the IF filter to FIL2 or FIL3 in the FM mode, the transceiver will transmit in the FM narrow mode.

Mode	IF filter	Selectable range (steps)
SSB	FIL 1 (3.0 kHz)	50Hz to 500Hz (50 Hz)/ 600Hz to 3.6kHz (100 Hz)
	FIL 2 (2.4 kHz)	
	FIL 3 (1.8 kHz)	
SSB-D CW	FIL 1 (1.2 kHz)	50Hz to 500Hz (50 Hz)/ 600Hz to 3.6kHz (100 Hz)
	FIL 2 (500 Hz)	
	FIL 3 (250 Hz)	
RTTY	FIL 1 (2.4 kHz)	50Hz to 500Hz (50 Hz) 600Hz to 2.7kHz (100 Hz)
	FIL 2 (500 Hz)	
	FIL 3 (250 Hz)	
AM AM-D	FIL 1 (9.0 kHz)	200Hz to 10.0kHz (200 Hz)
	FIL 2 (6.0 kHz)	
	FIL 3 (3.0 kHz)	
FM FM-D	FIL 1 (15 kHz)	Fixed
	FIL 2 (10 kHz)	
	FIL 3 (7.0 kHz)	

### Selecting the IF filter shape

You can independently set the DSP filter shape for each operating mode to soft or sharp.

- 1. Set the operating mode to SSB, SSB-D or CW. (Example: USB)
- Touch the filter icon for 1 second.
   Opens the FILTER screen.



- Touch the filter icon several times to select FIL1 (wide), FIL2 (mid) or FIL3 (narrow).
- 4. Touch [SHARP] or [SOFT].



5. To close the FILTER screen, push **EXIT**.

## Selecting the IF filter shape (Continued)

#### SHARP

This selection is to emphasize the passband width of the filter. The filter has an almost ideal shape factor. Signals of the out of passband are extremely filtered out and it gives you better audio quality.

## SOFT

The filter shoulders are roundly formed as in analog filters. This decreases noise components in the high and low frequencies of the filter passband and increases the S/N of the target signal. These characteristics play an effective role in picking up very weak signals in the 50 MHz band, for example. The shape factor is kept, and the sharpness of the bandpass is excellent.

## **IP Plus function**

The IP Plus function improves the Intermodulation Distortion (IMD) quality by exerting the direct sampling system performance.

This function optimizes the Analog/Digital Converter (ADC) against the distortion when you receive a strong input signal. It also improves the Third-order Intercept Point (IP3) while minimizing the reduction of the receive sensitivity.

- 1. Push **FUNCTION**.
  - The FUNCTION screen is displayed.
- 2. Touch [IP+].

①Touch [IP+] to turn the IP Plus function ON or OFF.
 ①Select ON to prioritize the IP quality, and select OFF to prioritize the receive sensitivity.



To close the FUNCTION screen, push EXIT.
 "IP+" is displayed when ON is selected.



## Noise Blanker

The Noise blanker eliminates pulse-type noise such as the noise from car ignitions.

The Noise blanker cannot be used in the FM mode.

Push NB to turn the Noise Blanker ON or OFF.



- Displayed

**NOTE**: When using the Noise Blanker, received signals may be distorted if they are excessively strong or the noise is other than a pulse type. In that case, turn the OFF Noise Blanker, or shallow the DEPTH on the NB menu. See the description below for details.

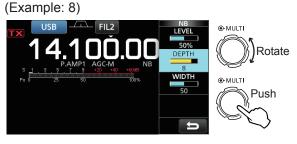
## ♦ Adjusting the NB level and time

To deal with various type of noise, you can adjust the attenuation level and noise width in the NB menu.

- 1. Hold down **NB** for 1 second.
- Turns ON the Noise Blanker and opens the NB menu.
- 2. Touch the adjusting item. (Example: DEPTH)



3. Adjust the level.



#### LEVEL

(Default: 50%)

Adjust the level where the Noise Blanker activates between 0 and 100%.

#### DEPTH

(Default: 8)

Adjust the noise attenuation level between 1 and 10.

#### WIDTH

(Default: 50)

Adjust the blanking duration time between 1 and 100.

## **Noise Reduction**

The Noise Reduction function reduces random noise components and enhances desired signals that are buried in noise. The Noise Reduction function uses the DSP circuit.

Push  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{NR}}$  to turn the Noise Reduction function ON or OFF.



## ♦ Adjusting the Noise Reduction level

Adjust the Noise Reduction level to where noise is reduced and the received signal is not distorted.

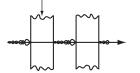
- 1. Hold down **NR** for 1 second.
  - Turns ON the Noise Reduction function and opens the NR menu.
- 2. Adjust the Noise Reduction level to between 0 and 15.

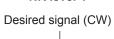
①Adjust to a higher level to increase the reduction level, and a lower level to decrease it.



Noise Reduction OFF NR level 0 Noise Reduction ON NR level 4

Noise components







**Notch Filter** 

The IC-7300 has Auto Notch and Manual Notch functions.

Auto Notch: Used in the SSB, AM and FM modes. Manual Notch: Used in the SSB, CW, RTTY and AM modes.

## ♦ Auto Notch function

Auto Notch automatically attenuates beat tones, tuning signals and so on.

Push **NOTCH** until "AN (Auto Notch)" is displayed. () Pushing **NOTCH** changes between "AN (Auto Notch)," "MN (Manual Notch)" and OFF.



## ♦ Manual Notch function

The Manual Notch attenuates beat tones, tuning signals and so on by adjusting a frequency in the NOTCH menu.

- 1. Hold down **NOTCH** for 1 second to display the NOTCH menu.
  - The Manual Notch is automatically selected and "MN" is displayed.
  - Dushing [WIDTH] sets the Manual Notch filter width to "WIDE," "MID" or "NAR."
- 2. Slowly adjust the POSITION to manually attenuate the frequency.



**NOTE**: While adjusting, noise may be heard. This comes from the DSP unit and does not indicate an equipment malfunction.

## **VOX** function

The VOX (Voice-Operated Transmission) function switches between transmit and receive with your voice. This function enables hands-free operation.

## ♦ Adjusting the VOX function

Before using the VOX function, adjust the following items.

- VOX GAIN
- ANTI VOX
- DELAY
- VOICE DELAY
- Hold down VOX/BK-IN for 1 second.
   Opens the VOX menu.
- 2. Touch the adjusting item. (Example: ANTI VOX)



3. Adjust the selected item.

Adjust to the point where the transceiver does not switch to transmit due to the sound from the speaker or other devices.

①Touching VOICE DELAY selects "SHORT," "MID," "LONG" or "OFF."



## VOX GAIN

(Default: 50%)

Adjust the transmit/receive switching threshold level to between 0% and 100% for VOX operation. Higher values make the VOX function more sensitive to your voice.

#### ANTI VOX

(Default: 50%)

Adjust the ANTI VOX level to between 0% and 100% to prevent unwanted VOX activation from the speaker or other sounds. Higher values make the VOX function less sensitive.

## DELAY

## (Default: 0.2s)

Adjust the DELAY to between 0 and 2.0 seconds, for a convenient interval for normal pauses in speech before returning to receive.

## VOICE DELAY

(Default: OFF)

Set the VOICE DELAY to prevent picking up your voice when switching to transmit. Select "SHORT," "MID," "LONG" or OFF.

## ♦ Turning ON the VOX function

- 1. Set the operating mode to SSB, AM or FM. (Example: USB)
- Push VOX/BK-IN to turn ON the VOX function.
   Pushing VOX/BK-IN again turns OFF the VOX function.



## **⊿TX** function

The  $\Delta TX$  function shifts the transmit frequency up to ±9.99 kHz without shifting the receive frequency.

1. Push  $\Box T X$ .

 The ⊿TX function turns ON. () Pushing  $\Box TX$  turns the  $\Delta TX$  function ON or OFF. (1) While using the Fine Tuning function (p. 3-3), the  $\Delta TX$ frequency is displayed in 4 digits, instead of 3.



2. Set the ⊿TX frequency to match the receiving station's frequency.

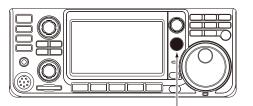




- ⑦To reset the ⊿TX frequency to "0.00," hold down **CLEAR** for 1 second.
- ①You can add the frequency shift to the operating frequency by holding down **TX** for 1 second.
- 3. After communicating, push  $\Box TX$  to turn the  $\Delta TX$ function OFF.

## ♦ **ΔTX** monitor function

When the *D*TX function is ON, you can directly monitor the operating frequency by holding down **XFC**.



While holding down **XFC**.

## **Monitor function**

The Monitor function enables you to monitor your transmit audio. Use this function to check the voice characteristics while adjusting transmit audio parameters.

OYou can hear the CW sidetone regardless of the Monitor function setting.

- Select the mode that you want to monitor. 1. (Example: USB)
- Push FUNCTION 2.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- Touch [MONI] to turn ON the Monitor function. 3. Touching [MONI] turns the Monitor function ON or OFF.



FUNCTION screen (USB mode)

Touch [MONI] for 1 second. 4.

FUNCTION					
P.AMP/ ATT OFF	AGC MID	NOTCH MN (NAR)	NB ON	NR Off	
IP+ OFF	VOX OFF	COMP OFF	TBW WIDE		
				IJ	$\succ$

5. Adjust MONITOR to the clearest audio output between 0% and 100%, while speaking at your normal voice level.



NOTE: When using the VOICE DELAY (p. 4-7), turn OFF the Monitor function. Otherwise the transmitted audio will echo.

# Setting the Speech Compressor

## SSB mode

The Speech Compressor increases the average RF output power, improving readability at the receiving station. This function compresses the transmitter audio input to increase the average audio output level.

The function is effective for long-distance communication, or when propagation conditions are poor.

- 1. Select the SSB mode. (Example: USB)
- 2. Push FUNCTION.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- Be sure that the Speech Compressor is OFF.
   If the Speech Compressor is ON, touch [COMP] to turn it OFF.



FUNCTION screen (USB mode)

- 4. Touch **EXIT** to close the FUNCTION screen.
- 5. Touch the Multi-function meter to display the ALC meter.

① Touching the Multi-function meter sets the meter to Po, SWR, ALC, COMP, VD or ID.



ALC meter

- 6. Adjust the MIC GAIN (p. 3-10) to where the ALC meter reads within the 30 to 50% range of the ALC zone.
- 7. Touch the Multi-function meter again to display the COMP meter.
- Push FUNCTION.
   Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 9. Touch [COMP] to turn it ON.



10. Touch [COMP] for 1 second.



11. While speaking into the microphone at your normal voice level, adjust the Speech Compressor level to where the COMP meter reads within the COMP zone (10 to 20 dB range).
(1) When the COMP meter peaks exceed the COMP zone, your transmitted voice may be distorted.

Speech Compressor is ON



COMP zone

## Split frequency operation

Split frequency operation enables you to transmit and receive on different frequencies in the same or different bands.

- There are 2 ways to use the Split frequency operation.
- Use the Quick Split function
- Use the receive and transmit frequencies set to VFO A and VFO B.

Another station		My station		
Transmit frequency	USB mode 21.29000 MHz	VFO A Receive frequency	USB FIL2 FIL2 FIL2 21.290 PAMPI AGCM PO 1 200 PUT PO 1 200 PUT PO 1 200 PUT PUT PUT PUT PUT PUT PUT PUT	
Receive frequency	USB mode 21.31000 MHz	VFO B Transmit frequency	USB FIL2 I 12:00 21.310.00 P.MP1 AGC-M P. J J J J J J J J.	

## ♦ Using the Quick Split function

The Quick Split function enables you to automatically equalize the frequency and mode of VFOs to the displayed VFO, and activate the Split function.

- 1. Set VFO A's receive frequency and operating mode.
  - (Example: 21.29000 MHz in the USB mode)
- 2. Hold down **SPLIT** for 1 second.
  - The Quick Split function is turned ON and the VFO A settings are set to VFO B.
  - The VFO B frequency is displayed in the bottom right corner of the main screen.

Displayed



3. While holding down **(XEC)**, set the operating frequency offset between transmit and receive.



The offset between transmit and receive while holding down **(XFC)**.

## Using the receive and transmit frequencies set to VFO A and VFO B

1. Set VFO A's receive frequency and operating mode.

(Example: 21.29000 MHz in the USB mode)



 Push AB to select VFO B, and then set the receive frequency and the operating mode. (Example: 21.31000 MHz in the USB mode)



Push SPLIT to turn ON the Split function.
 Pushing SPLIT turns the Split function ON or OFF.



Push AB to return to VFO A.
The Split frequency operation is ready.



## **Split Lock function**

The Split Lock function is convenient for changing only the transmit frequency but not changing the receive frequency.

- 1. Turn ON the Split Lock function. MENU » SET > Function > SPLIT > SPLIT LOCK
- 2. Turn ON the Split function.
- 3. Hold down 🐨 for 1 second to turn ON the Dial Lock function.
- 4. While holding down **(XFC**), set the transmit frequency.



Displayed when Dial Lock is ON.

## Setting the transmit filter width

You can select the transmit filter width for the SSB mode to WIDE (wide), MID (middle) or NAR (narrow).

- 1. Set the operating mode to USB or LSB.
- 2. Push FUNCTION
- Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Touch [TBW].
  - ①Touching [TBW] sets the filter width to WIDE, MID or NAR.



FUNCTION screen (SSB mode)

The transmit filter widths are set to the following values by default.

- WIDE: 100 Hz to 2900 Hz
- MID: 300 Hz to 2700 Hz
- NAR: 500 Hz to 2500 Hz

You can change the filter width values in the following settings. (p. 8-2)

MENU »	SET > Tone Control > TX > SSB > <b>TBW (WIDE)</b>
MENU »	SET > Tone Control > TX > SSB > <b>TBW (MID)</b>
MENU »	SET > Tone Control > TX > SSB > <b>TBW (NAR)</b>

## **Operating CW**

## ♦ Setting the CW pitch control

You can set the received CW audio pitch and the CW side tone to suit your preference without changing the operating frequency.

- 1. Select the CW mode.
- 2. Display the Multi-function menu.



3. Touch [CW PITCH].



4. Set the CW pitch to between 300 and 900 Hz



## Operating CW (Continued)

## ♦ Setting the key speed

You can set the key speed of the internal electric keyer.

- 1. Select the CW mode.
- 2. Display the Multi-function menu.



3. Touch [KEY SPEED].



4. Set the key speed to between 6 and 48 Words Per Minute (WPM).



## ♦ About the Break-in function

Use the Break-in function in the CW mode to automatically switch between transmit and receive when keying. The IC-7300 is capable of Semi Break-in and Full break-in modes.

**TIP**: The key type is set to "Paddle" by default. You can select the keyer type on the CW-KEY SET screen. (p. 4-14)

## Semi Break-in operation

In the Semi Break-in mode, the transceiver transmits when keying, and then automatically returns to receive after a preset time after you stop keying.

- 1. Select the CW mode.
- Push VOX/BK-IN to display "BKIN."
   Pushing VOX/BK-IN selects "BKIN (Semi Break-in),"
   "F-BKIN (Full Break-in)" or OFF (no indication).



- 3. To adjust the Break-in delay time, hold down
  VOX/BK-IN for 1 second.
  Opens the BKIN menu.
- 4. Set to where the transceiver does not return to receive while keying.



When you are using a paddle, push (MULT) to display the Multi-function menu, and then adjust the KEY SPEED while operating the paddle.



5. To close the BKIN menu, push EXIT.

## Operating CW

About the Break-in function (Continued)

#### **Full Break-in operation**

In the Full Break-in mode, the transceiver automatically transmits while keying down, and then immediately returns to receive after keying up.

- 1. Select the CW mode.
- Push VOX/BK-IN until "F-BKIN" is displayed.
   Pushing VOX/BK-IN selects "BKIN (Semi Break-in)," "F-BKIN (Full Break-in)" or OFF (no indication).



3. Using a straight key or paddle.

①In the Full break-in mode, the transceiver automatically returns to receive without a preset break-in delay time after you stop keying. The transceiver receives while keying up.

## ♦ CW Auto Tuning function

You can tune in a CW signal you are receiving using the Auto Tuning function. You can automatically tune by pushing AUTE. This function is active in only the CW mode.

While using the RIT, the RIT frequency is automatically tuned by this function.



**NOTE**: When receiving a weak signal, or receiving a signal with interference, the Auto Tuning function may tune the receiver to an undesired signal, or may not start to tune. In such case, a warning beep sounds.

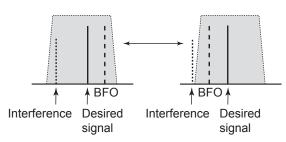
## ♦ About the CW Reverse mode

The CW-R (CW Reverse) mode reverses the receive Beat Frequency Oscillator (BFO) to receive CW signals.

Use when interfering signals are near the desired signal and you want to use the CW-R to reduce interference.

CW mode (LSB side)

CW-R mode (USB side)



#### TIP: Reversing the carrier point

The carrier point of the CW mode is LSB by default. You can change it to USB in the "CW Normal Side" item of the OTHERS set screen. (p. 8-4)

MENU » SET > Function > CW Normal Side

When this setting is set to "USB," the CW and CW-R modes are reversed.

## **Operating CW (Continued)**

## ♦ Electronic Keyer function

You can set the Memory Keyer function settings, paddle polarity settings, and so on of the Electronic Keyer.

1. Open the KEYER screen in the CW mode.

## MENU » KEYER

①You can select [KEYER] on the MENU screen only in the CW mode.

2. Touch [EDIT/SET].

## EDIT • Opens the EDIT/SET screen. 12:00 VFO A חח חח EXIT **KEYER** screen 001 SET 3. Select the desired item to set. O-MULTI EDIT/SET EDIT Rotate 001 SET ush CW-KEY SET EDIT/SET screen

## Keyer memory edit menu

You can edit the Keyer memories.

KEYER MEMORY	1/2
M1: CQ TEST CQ TEST DE ICOM ICOM T EST	
M2: UR 5NN <mark>001</mark> BK	
M3: CFM TU	
M4: QRZ?	IJ

#### **Contest number menu**

You can set the number style, count up trigger, and present number.

	KEYER 001		1/1
Number Style			
		Normal	
Count Up Trigger			
		M2	
Present Number			▼
		001	
			D

#### Key set menu

You can set the memory keyer repeat time, dot/dash ratio, paddle polarity, key type, and so on.

CW-KEY SET	1/2
Side Tone Level	
50%	
Side Tone Level Limit	
ON	
Keyer Repeat Time	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
2sec	
Dot/Dash Ratio	
1:1:3.0	ŋ

4. To close the KEYER screen, push **EXIT** several times.

## ♦ Monitoring the CW side tone

When the transceiver is in standby and the Break-In function is OFF, you can listen to the CW side tone without actually transmitting.

## ①Information

- This enables you to match your transmit frequency exactly to another station's by matching the audio tone.
- · You can also use the CW side tone (make sure the Break-in function is OFF (p. 4-12)) to practice CW sending.
- · You can adjust the CW side tone level in "Side Tone Level."
- MENU » KEYER > EDIT/SET > CW-KEY SET > Side Tone Level

**CW-KEY SET** 

# Operating RTTY (FSK)

With the built-in RTTY decoder and the contents set in the RTTY TX memory, you can operate the basic RTTY operation without using an external device.

If you are using PSK software, refer to the software manual.

- 1. Select the RTTY mode.
- 2. Open the RTTY DECODE screen. MENU » DECODE

①You can select [DECODE] on the MENU screen only while in the RTTY mode.



RTTY DECODE screen

3. Rotate MAIN DIAL to tune the desired signal.

#### Information

- Aim for a symmetrical wave form, and be sure the peak points align with the mark (2125 Hz) and shift (170 Hz) frequency lines in the FFT scope.
- The S-meter displays the received signal strength, when a signal is received.
- If you cannot decode correctly, try in the RTTY-R mode.
- Tune to where both "◄" and "▶" are displayed in the tuning indicator.



4. Transmit the RTTY memory.

 The TX status indicator lights red and the Po meter swings.

Lights red Lights red



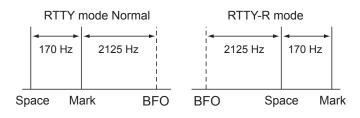
Contents being transmitted are displayed. (Example: transmitting the RT1's TX memory)

#### ♦ About the RTTY reverse mode

If you are receiving an RTTY signal but cannot decode correctly, try in the RTTY-R (reverse) mode.

Select the RTTY-R mode by touching [RTTY] on the MODE screen.

①Touching [RTTY] toggles between the RTTY mode and the RTTY-R mode.



## ♦ Twin Peak Filter

The Twin Peak Filter (TPF) changes the audio frequency response by boosting the mark and space frequencies for better reception of RTTY signals, or for decoding the external AF output on a PC.

1. While in the RTTY mode, display the Multifunction menu.



Touch [TPF].
 Touching [TPF] turns the function ON or OFF.



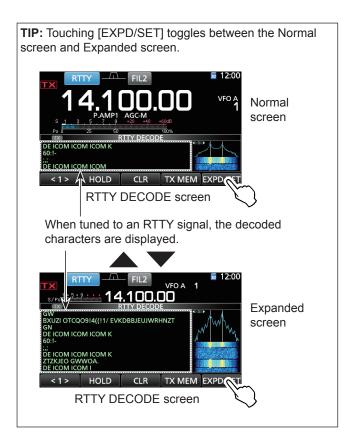
Lights while the TPF is ON

3. To close the Multi-function menu, push **EXIT**.

**NOTE**: When you are using the Twin Peak Filter, the received audio output may increase. This is not a malfunction.

## Operating RTTY (FSK) (Continued)

## ◇ Functions on the RTTY DECODE screen Open the RTTY DECODE screen in the RTTY mode. MENU » DECODE

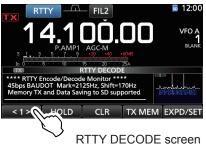


Key	Action			
<1>	Selects the function menu.			
<2>	Selects the	function menu.		
	Turns the Hold function ON or OFF.			
HOLD	() "HOLD"	is displayed, and the RTTY		
	DECODI	E screen stops.		
	Touch for 1	second to clear the displayed		
CLR	characters.			
	• While the Hold function is ON, this clears the			
	characters and cancels the Hold function.			
TX MEM	Opens the RTTY MEMORY screen.			
	Opens the RTTY DECODE LOG screen.			
LOG	Starts/Stops logging, selects the file type or			
	the time stamp.			
	Opens the RTTY DECODE LOG VIEW			
LOG VIEW	screen.			
	<ul> <li>You can check the saved RTTY log files.</li> </ul>			
ADJ	Opens the THRESHOLD screen.			
	You can set the threshold level.			
	Touch	Selects the Expanded or Normal		
EXPD/SET		screen.		
		Opens the RTTY DECODE SET		
	1 second	1 second screen.		

## ♦ Setting the decoder threshold level

Adjusting the RTTY decoder threshold level prevents characters been decoded by noise, even though you have not received an RTTY signal.

- 1. Open the RTTY DECODE screen. MENU » DECODE
- 2. Touch [<1>].



• The function menu <2> is displayed.

3. Touch [ADJ].



- The THRESHOLD setting screen is displayed.
- Checking the RTTY DECODE, rotate (MAIN DIAL) to adjust the threshold level to where the characters are not displayed by noise.
  - ①If the threshold level adjusted is too high, you cannot receive weak signals.
  - ①Touch [DEF] for 1 second to reset to the default setting.

TX RTTY DECC	DDE	
XB FGQAVJ(47((& 36'26);'9&6 QJKCJ	/ / T	HRESHOLD 8
	ADJ	DEF

5. To close the THRESHOLD setting screen, touch [ADJ].

## FM repeater operation

A repeater receives your radio's signals and simultaneously retransmits them on a different frequency to provide a greater communication range. When using a repeater, the transmit frequency shifts from the receive frequency by an offset amount. You can access a repeater using the split function.

- 1. Select the desired operating band. (p. 3-2) (Example: 28 MHz band)
- 2. Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to set the operating frequency.



(Example: 29.650.00 MHz)

3. Select the FM mode.

M

- 4. Hold down **SPLIT** for 1 second.
  - Turns the Split function ON.
  - Turns the Tone function ON and "TONE" is displayed.
  - Displays the transmit frequency.

Repeater Tone ON	Split function ON
	50 12/00
29.650.00	VFO A
P.AMP1 AGC-F S 1 3 5 7 9 +20 +40 +60dB	BLANK
	29.550.00
	$\Delta$

Transmit frequency

①You can set the frequency offset for the HF band.

(p. 8-3)	
MENU »	SET > Function > SPLIT >
	FM SPLIT Offset (HF)

①You can set the frequency offset for the 50 MHz band. (p. 8-3)

ENU »	SET > Function > SPLIT >
	FM SPLIT Offset (50M)

## Setting the repeater tone frequency

Some repeaters require a subaudible tone to be accessed. Subaudible tones are superimposed on your signal, and must be set in advance. Do the following steps to set the tone frequency.

- 1. Select the FM mode.
- 2. Push **FUNCTION**.
- Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Touch [TONE] for 1 second.



FUNCTION screen (FM mode)

- Opens the TONE FREQUENCY screen.
- 4. Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to select the desired subaudible tone frequency.

TONE FREQUENCY			Touch for 1
REPEATER TONE	T-SQL TONE	T-SCAN	,second to
88.5Hz	88.5Hz	DEF	reset to the default.

TONE FREQUENCY screen

#### Selectable tone frequencies

88.5	114.8	151.4	177.3	203.5	250.3
91.5	118.8	156.7	179.9	206.5	254.1
94.8	123.0	159.8	183.5	210.7	
97.4	127.3	162.2	186.2	218.1	
100.0	131.8	165.5	189.9	225.7	
103.5	136.5	167.9	192.8	229.1	
107.2	141.3	171.3	196.6	233.6	
110.9	146.2	173.8	199.5	241.8	
	91.5 94.8 97.4 100.0 103.5 107.2	91.5118.894.8123.097.4127.3100.0131.8103.5136.5107.2141.3	91.5118.8156.794.8123.0159.897.4127.3162.2100.0131.8165.5103.5136.5167.9107.2141.3171.3	91.5118.8156.7179.994.8123.0159.8183.597.4127.3162.2186.2100.0131.8165.5189.9103.5136.5167.9192.8107.2141.3171.3196.6	91.5118.8156.7179.9206.594.8123.0159.8183.5210.797.4127.3162.2186.2218.1100.0131.8165.5189.9225.7103.5136.5167.9192.8229.1107.2141.3171.3196.6233.6

#### Checking the repeater tone frequency

You can check the tone frequency by receiving the repeater's input frequency and tone scanning. To receive the input signals, the transceiver detects the subaudible tone frequency using the tone scan function.

- 1. Touch [T-SCAN].
  - The scan starts, and then stops when the matching tone frequency as the repeater is received.



2. To close the TONE FREQUENCY screen, push **EXIT**.

4-17

## Spectrum scope screen

This spectrum scope enables you to display the activity on the selected band, as well as the relative strengths of various signals.

The IC-7300 has two spectrum scope modes. One is the Center mode, and another one is the Fixed mode. You can also turn the Waterfall display ON or OFF. In addition, you can select a Mini scope screen to save screen space.

## ♦ Using the Spectrum Scope

1. Open the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.



SPECTRUM SCOPE screen

< 2 >

REF

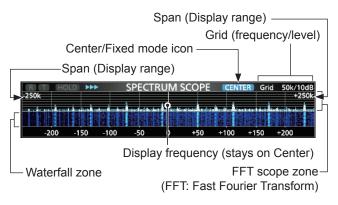
Function menu (Menu 2)

SPEED MARKER EXPD/SET

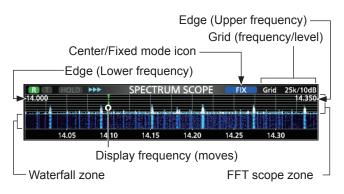
Key		Action	
< 1 > < 2 >	Selects the Function menus.		
SPAN	In the Center mode, selects the scope span. • Selectable spans: ±2.5, 5.0, 10, 25, 50, 100, 250 and 500 kHz () Touch for 1 second to select the ±2.5 kHz span.		
EDGE	frequencie () You can	set the Upper and lower Edge	
	frequen	cies in the SCOPE SET screen.	
HOLD	Touch	<ul> <li>OFF.</li> <li>"HOLD" and the Marker are displayed. Freezes the current spectrum.</li> </ul>	
Touch for 1 second		Clears the Peak Hold level.	
CENT/FIX	Selects the	e Center or Fixed mode.	
EXPD/	Touch	Selects the Expanded or Normal screen.	
SET	Touch for 1 second	Enters the SCOPE SET screen.	
REF	Opens the Reference level window. ① Touch again to close the window. ① Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to adjust the Reference level.		
SPEED	Selects the sweep speed. • "▶▶▶," "▶▶," or "▶" displays FAST, MID, or SLOW.		
MARKER	Selects the Marker.		

## 2. To exit the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen, push EXIT.

#### Center mode screen



## Fixed mode screen

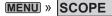


## Spectrum scope screen (Continue)

## ♦ Center mode

Displays signals around the operating frequency within the selected span. The operating frequency is always displayed in the center of the screen.

1. Open the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.





Center mode screen

- 2. Touch [CENT/FIX].
  - "CENTER" is displayed when the Center mode is selected.

Touch [CENT/FIX] to toggle between the Center and Fixed modes.

- 3. Touch [SPAN] several times to select the scope span.
  - · Selectable span:
  - ±2.5, 5.0, 10, 25, 50, 100, 250 and 500 kHz
  - ①Touch [SPAN] for 1 second to select the ±2.5 kHz span.
- To exit the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen, push EXIT.

## ♦ Marker

The Marker displays the operating frequency in the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.

- Marker types
  - R: RX marker displays the receive frequency. TX marker displays the transmit frequency.
- Touch [MARKER] to select the marker.
  - When the Center mode is selected:
    - TX. Marker OFF
  - When the Fixed mode is selected: RX/TX, RX
- ① When the Maker is displayed and the frequency is out of range, "<<" or ">>" is displayed in the upper side corners of the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen. <<: The frequency is outside the lower edge.
  - >>: The frequency is outside the higher edge.

## ♦ Fixed mode

Displays signals within a specified frequency range. The selected frequency band activity can easily be observed this mode.

Three Fixed Edge bands can be set for each amateur frequency band covered by the transceiver in the SCOPE SET screen.

1. Open the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.



2. Touch [CENT/FIX]. • "FIX " is displayed when the Fixed mode is

selected.

Touch [CENT/FIX] to toggle between the Center and Fixed modes.

- 3. Touch [EDGE] several times to select the Edge frequency.
  - ③ When the operating frequency moves outside the upper or lower Edge frequency, "<<" or ">>" is displayed in the upper side corners of the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.

<<: The frequency is outside the lower edge. >>: The frequency is outside the higher edge. When the frequency goes further away, "Scope Out of Range" is displayed.

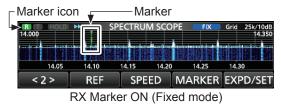
4. To exit the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen, push EXIT.

#### About RX Marker

In the Fixed mode, the RX Marker displays the operating frequency within a specified frequency range. So, the transceiver always displays the RX marker in the scope screen.

In the Center mode, the operating frequency stays on the Center of the screen. Thus, the transceiver does not display the RX Marker.

When the Hold function is ON, the RX Marker is displayed to display the operating frequency's position.



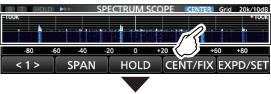
## Spectrum scope screen (Continue)

## ♦ Touch screen operation

When you touch the FFT scope zone or the waterfall zone in the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen, the area will be zoomed in. Then you touch the signal in the zoomed area, you can directly tune your frequency to the signal in the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen. (1) Holding down (XFC) changes the transmit frequency.

- 1. Open the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen. MENU » SCOPE
- 2. Touch the Scope screen.

The area around the touched point is zoomed in.
①Touch only the FFT scope zone or Waterfall zone.





3. Touch the signal in the zoomed area.

R   T   100k	HOL			SPEC	TRUM	SCOP	CENT	ER Gr	id 20k/	10d 100
-	1			1 1				1		
-8	0	-60	-40	-20	ó			}	-+-6	
< 1	>		SPAN		HOL	D C	EN17F	IX EX	KPD/S	SE

#### Information

- In the Center mode, the operating frequency changes to the touched point, and the point moves to the screen center.
- In the Fixed mode, the operating frequency and marker change to the touched point.
- Touch out of the zoomed area to close the zoomed window.

## ♦ Mini scope screen

The Mini scope screen can be simultaneously displayed with another function displays, such as the RTTY DECODE screen and the AUDIO SCOPE screen.

Push **M.SCOPE** to turn the Mini scope screen ON or OFF. (1) Hold down **M.SCOPE** for 1 second to display the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.



Mini scope screen with the AUDIO SCOPE screen

## Audio scope screen

This audio scope enables you to display the received signal's frequency component on the FFT scope, and its waveform components on the Oscilloscope. The FFT scope also has an waterfall.

1. Open the AUDIO SCOPE screen.

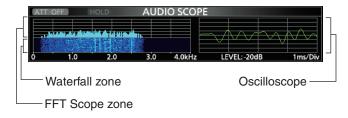


AUDIO SCOPE screen

Key		Action
ATT	Touch	Selects the attenuator for the FFT scope. • 0 (OFF), 10, 20, or 30 dB
	Touch for 1 second	Turns OFF the attenuator. (0 dB)
HOLD	Sets the Hold function to ON or OFF. • "HOLD" is displayed and freezes the current audio spectrum.	
LEVEL	Selects the Oscilloscope level. • 0, -10, -20, or -30 dB	
TIME	Selects the Oscilloscope sweep time. • 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, or 300 ms/Div	
EXPD/	Touch	Selects the Expanded or Normal screen.
SET	Touch for 1 second	Enters the AUDIO SCOPE SET screen.

2. To exit the AUDIO SCOPE screen, push EXIT.

## AUDIO SCOPE screen



6

# **USING AN SD CARD**

## About the SD card

The SD and SDHC cards are not supplied by Icom. User supplied.

You can use an SD card of up to 2 GB, or an SDHC of up to 32 GB.

Icom has checked the compatibility with the following SD and SDHC cards.

#### (As of April 2016)

Brand	Туре	Memory size
SanDisk®	SD	2 GB
		4 GB
	SDHC	8 GB
		16 GB
		32 GB

The above list does not guarantee the card's performance.

① Throughout the rest of this document, the SD card and an SDHC card are simply called the SD card or the card.

**TIP:** Icom recommends that you save the transceiver's factory default data for backup. (p. 8-7)

## NOTE:

- Before using the SD card, thoroughly read the card's instructions.
- If you do any of the following, the card data may be corrupted or deleted.
  - You remove the card from the transceiver while the card is being accessed.
  - A power failure occurs or the power cable is disconnected while the card is being accessed.
  - You drop, impact or vibrate the card.
- Do not touch the contacts of the card.
- The transceiver takes a longer time to recognize a high capacity card.
- The card will get warm if continuously used for a long period of time.
- The card has a certain lifetime, so data reading or writing may not be possible after using it for a long period.
  When reading or writing data is impossible, the card's lifetime has ended. In that case, use a new one.
  We recommend you make a separate backup file of the important data onto your PC. (p. 8-7)
- Icom will not be responsible for any damage caused by data corruption of a card.

## Saving data onto the SD card

- You can save the following data onto the card:
- Data settings of the transceiver
- Memory channel contents saved in the transceiver. • Communication contents
- The transmitted and received audio.
- Communication log
- The communication and receive history log.
- Voice audio for the Voice TX function Voice audio to use with the Voice TX function.
  RTTY decode log
- The transmitted or received RTTY decode history log.
- Captured screens

## Inserting or removing the SD card

**NOTE:** Format all SD cards to be used with the transceiver with the built-in Format function. Format, even preformatted cards for PCs or other uses. (p. 6-2)

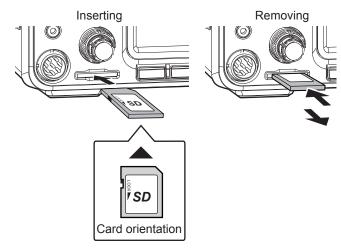
## ♦ Inserting

Insert the card into the slot until it locks in place, and makes a 'click' sound.

• Displays the SD card icon when the SD card is inserted. (1)Be sure to check the card orientation.

## ♦ Removing

- Push in the SD card until a click sounds.
- The card is unlocked, and you can pull it out.
- ① If you remove the SD card while the transceiver's power is ON, be sure to unmount it. (p. 6-2)



## Unmounting an SD card

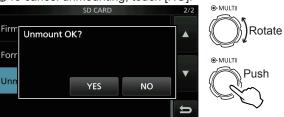
Before you remove a card when the transceiver is ON, be sure to electrically unmount it, as shown below. Otherwise the data may be corrupted or deleted.

- 1. Open the SD CARD set screen. MENU » SET > SD Card
- 2. Select "Unmount."



SD CARD set screen

Touch [YES] to unmount.
 To cancel unmounting, touch [NO].



• After unmounting, returns to the SD CARD set screen.

- 4. To close the SET screen, push **EXIT** several times.
- 5. Remove the card from the transceiver.

## Formatting an SD card

Before using an SD card with the transceiver, be sure to format all SD cards with the built-in Format function. This creates a special folder on the card that you need for operations like updating the firmware. Format all cards, including a brand new SD card, and even preformatted cards for PCs or other uses.

**NOTE:** Formatting a card erases all its data. Before formatting any used card, back up its data onto your PC. (p. 8-7)

**IMPORTANT:** Even if you format an SD card, some data may remain in the card. When you dispose the card, be sure to physically destroy it to avoid unauthorized access to any data that remains.

- 1. Insert an SD card into the card slot.
- 2. Open the SD CARD set screen. MENU » SET > SD Card
- 3. Select "Format."



SD CARD set screen

4. Touch [YES] to start formatting. ① To cancel formatting, touch [NO].



• After formatting, returns to the SD CARD set screen.

5. To close the SET screen, push **EXIT** several times.

## About the internal antenna tuner

The internal automatic antenna tuner automatically matches the transceiver to the antenna within the range of 16.7 ~ 150  $\Omega$  (SWR of less than 3:1). After the tuner matches an antenna, the latching relay combinations are memorized as a preset point for each frequency range (100 kHz steps). Therefore, when you change the frequency range, the latching relay combinations are automatically preset to the memorized point for fast tuning.

• When you install a new antenna, or you want to change the antenna settings, you can clear the all of the internal antenna tuner preset points with the "<<Preset Memory Clear>>" item on the TUNER set screen. (p. 8-3)

MENU »	SET > Function > Tuner >
	< <preset clear="" memory="">&gt;</preset>

- You can select whether or not to save the internal antenna tuner's status after pushing **TUNER** on each band in the "[TUNER] Switch" item on the TUNER set screen. (p. 8-3)
- MENU » SET > Function > Tuner > [TUNER] Switch

**NOTE:** When the transceiver receives a strong physical shock, the internal latching relays may be returned to an unlatched condition. In that case, push (**TUNER**) to turn OFF the tuner, then turn ON again to reset the all latching relays.

## Internal antenna tuner operation

- 1. Push **TUNER** to turn ON the internal antenna tuner.
  - "TUNE" is displayed when the tuner is ON.
- Tune the antenna.
   To tune the antenna, see "Manual tuning" or "PTT Tuner start" below.

## ♦ Manual tuning

You can manually tune the antenna before transmitting.

- 1. Hold down **TUNER** for 1 second to start manual tuning.
  - The tuner reduces the SWR to less than 1.5:1 after 2~3 seconds of tuning.
  - While tuning, a side tone is heard and "TUNE" blinks red.
- 2. After tuning, "TUNE" is displayed.
  - ①If the tuner cannot reduce the SWR to less than 1.5:1 after 20 seconds, tuning stops and "TUNE" goes out.

## ♦ PTT Tuner start

The tuner is always activated when PTT is pushed after the frequency is changed (more than 1% from last-tuned frequency). This function tunes the antenna for the first transmission on a new frequency. (1) This function can be turned ON in the "PTT Start"

item of the TUNER set screen. (p. 8-3)

MENU » SET > Function > Tuner > PTT Start

## NOTE:

- If the SWR is higher than about 1.5:1 when tuning more than 100 kHz on an antenna's preset point, hold down [TUNER] for 1 second to start manual tuning.
- If you transmit into a high SWR, "TUNE" may blink. In that case, hold down **TUNER** for 1 second to manually tune.

## If the tuner cannot tune the antenna

- Repeat manual tuning several times.
- Even if the tuner cannot tune the antenna on the first tuning, it may success at the second tuning.
- Some antennas, especially for the low bands, have a narrow bandwidth. These antennas may not tune at the edge of their bandwidth, therefore, tune such an antenna as follows:

(Example):

Suppose you have an antenna which has an SWR of 1.5:1 at 3.55 MHz and an SWR of 3:1 at 3.8 MHz.

- 1. Set 3.55 MHz, and hold down (TUNER) for 1 second to start manual tuning.
- 2. Set 3.80 MHz, and hold down (TUNER) for 1 second to start manual tuning.

## About an external antenna tuner

The optional AH-4 ANTENNA TUNER matches the IC-7300 to a long wire antenna more than 7 m/23 ft long (3.5 MHz and above).

During mobile operation, the optional AH-2b ANTENNA ELEMENT matches the IC-7300 to a whip antenna more than 2.5 m/8.2 ft long (7  $\sim$  50 MHz).

The optional AH-740 AUTOMATIC TUNING ANTENNA covers 2.5 to 30 MHz range with a supplied whip antenna.

## **△ DANGER HIGH VOLTAGE!**

**NEVER** touch the antenna element while tuning or transmitting. Always install it in a secure place.

**NEVER** operate the AH-4 or AH-740 without an antenna connected. The tuner and transceiver will be damaged.

## $\diamond$ Using the AH-4 or AH-740

- 1. Turn ON the transceiver.
  - "TUNE" is displayed.
    () Each time you push (TUNER), "TUNE" is displayed

or goes out, and the AH-4 or AH-740 is turned ON or OFF (bypassed).

- 2. Hold down **TUNER** for 1 second to start manual tuning.
  - The tuner reduces the SWR to less than 2:1 after 2~3 seconds of tuning.
  - While tuning, a side tone is heard and "TUNE" blinks red.

①If the tuner cannot reduce the SWR to less than 2:1 after 15 seconds of tuning, "TUNE" goes out.

- 3. After tuning, "TUNE" is displayed.
  - When the long wire antenna cannot be tuned, "TUNE" goes out. In that case, the AH-4 is bypassed and the wire is directly connected.

**NOTE:** When the wire antenna cannot be tuned, confirm wire length and connection.

Note that the AH-4 cannot tune a wire that is a  $1\!\!\!/_2\!\lambda$  long or on a multiple of that frequency.

## ♦ Using an external antenna tuner

When you use a non-lcom external antenna tuner, be sure to turn OFF the internal antenna tuner before connecting the external antenna tuner.

Otherwise, the tuning may fail because both antenna tuners (internal and external) will simultaneously start tuning.

See the antenna tuner's instruction manual for details.

**NOTE:** Be sure not to connect the antenna tuner without an antenna connected. This could damage the transceiver or external antenna tuner.

#### TIP:

If the SWR is not reduced to 2:1 after retuning, see "If the tuner cannot tune the antenna" on page 7-1 for details.

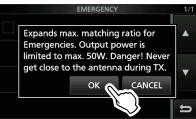
## **Emergency mode (Tuner)**

The Emergency mode (Tuner) enables you to use the internal antenna tuner in an emergency situation, but limits the maximum output power to 50 W. In an emergency situation, where the only antenna you have has a high SWR, you can use the antenna tuner even if the SWR is more than 3:1.

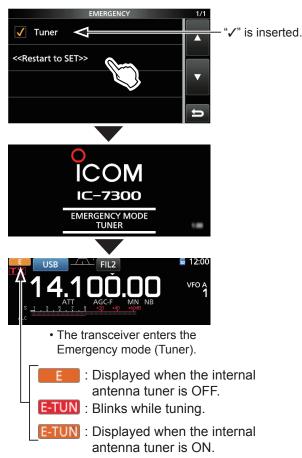
- 1. Open the EMERGENCY screen. MENU » SET > Others > Emergency
- 2. Touch "Tuner."



3. Touch [OK].



4. Touch "<<Restart to SET>>" to restart the transceiver.



## Set mode description

You can use the Set mode to set infrequently changed values or function settings.

**TIP**: The Set mode is constructed in a tree structure. You may go to the next tree level, or go back a level, depending on the selected item.

## ♦ Entering the Set mode

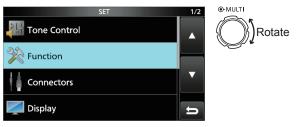
- 1. Push MENU.
  - Opens the MENU screen.



- 2. Touch [SET].
  - Opens the SET screen.



Rotate (MULT) to select the desired item.
 (1) You can also select the item by touching [▲] or [♥] in the screen.



- 4. Push (MULT) to go to the next tree level.
  (1) You can also go to the next tree level by directly touching the desired item in the screen.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to open the desired item's setting screen.

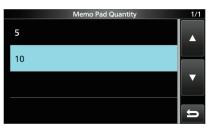
①To go back the previous tree level, push EXIT.

FUNCTION		5/8
Memo Pad Quantity		
	5	
MAIN DIAL Auto TS		
	High	
MIC Up/Down Speed		$\mathbf{\nabla}$
	Fast	
Quick RIT/ ⊿TX Clear		
	OFF	ŋ

6. Rotate (MULT) to select the desired option, and then push (MULT) to set it.

#### **()**Information

- You can also select the option by directly touching the option or [+] or [–] in the screen.
- When you continuously set other items in the same tree level, repeat step 6.
- When you continuously set other item in the different tree level, push **EXIT** to go back the previous tree level.



## TIP: How to reset to the default setting

Touching the item or its option for 1 second displays the Quick menu, and then touch "Default" to reset to the default setting.

	QUICK MENU	1/1	1/1
5	Default		
10			
			▼
		Ð	U

To close the Quick menu, push EXIT.

7. To close the SET screen, push **EXIT** several times.

## MENU » SET > Tone Control

## **Tone Control**

SSB RX HPF/LPF	(Default:)
filter cut-off frequencies	
(1) If this item is set, the Treble" items are auto	"SSB RX Bass" and "SSB RX omatically set to "0."
SSB RX Bass	(Default: 0)
SSB RX Treble	(Default: 0)
Sets the bass or treble I	evel of the receive audio.
AM RX HPF/LPF	(Default:
filter cut-off frequencies Selectable ranges:	·
(1) If this item is set, the Treble" items are auto	"AM RX Bass" and "AM RX omatically set to "0."
AM RX Bass	(Default: 0)
AM RX Treble	(Default: 0)
Sets the bass or treble I	evel of the receive audio.
FM RX HPF/LPF	(Default: )
filter cut-off frequencies	"FM RX Bass" and "FM RX
FM RX Bass	(Default: 0)
FM RX Treble Sets the bass or treble I	(Default: 0) evel of the receive audio.
CW RX HPF/LPF	(Default:)
RTTY RX HPF/LPF	(Default:)

**RTTY RX HPF/LPF** (Default: ---- - ----) Sets the receive audio high-pass filter or low-pass filter cut-off frequencies in 100 Hz steps.

SSB TX Bass	(Default: 0)
SSB TX Treble	(Default: 0)
Sets the bass or treble level of t	he receive audio.
SSB TBW (WIDE)	(Default: 100 – 2900)
SSB TBW (MID)	(Default: 300 – 2700)
SSB TBW (NAR)	(Default: 500 – 2500)
Sets the transmission pass band or narrow, by changing the lowe frequencies.	
AM TX Bass	(Default: 0)
AM TX Treble	(Default: 0)
Sets the bass or treble level of the	ne transmit audio.
FM TX Bass	(Default: 0)
FM TX Treble	(Default: 0)

Sets the bass or treble level of the transmit audio.

#### 8 SET MODE

MENU » SET > Function

③Select "OFF" for no rise speed.

be displayed.

\*Depending on the transceiver's version, this item may not

## Function

Beep Level	(Default: 50%)	Time-Out Timer (CI-V)	(Default: OFF)	
Sets the beep output level.		Sets the Time-out Timer for	•	
If the "Beep (Confirmatio)	n)" item is set to "OFF," no	This setting is valid only tran		
beep sounds.		CI-V command or pushing		
Deen Level Lineit		③Select "OFF" for no time li	mit.	
Beep Level Limit	(Default: ON)	Quick SPLIT	(Default: ON)	
Selects whether or not to line specified level.	mit the volume up to the	Turns the Quick Split functio	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
specified level.				
Beep (Confirmation)	(Default: ON)	FM SPLIT Offset (HF)	(Default: –0.100 MHz)	
Turns the Confirmation bee	•			
If the "Beep Level" item is	set to "0%," no beep sounds.	FM SPLIT Offset (50M)	(Default: -0.500 MHz)	
Pond Edge Peen	(Defeult: ON (Defeult))	Sets the frequency offset for		
Band Edge Beep	(Default: ON (Default))	FM mode on the HF or 50 M	IHz band.	
Turns the Band Edge beep	ON or OFF.			
		SPLIT LOCK	(Default: OFF)	
<ul> <li>Information</li> <li>If the "Been Level" item is a</li> </ul>	set to "0%," no beep sounds.	Turns the Split Lock function	ON or OFF.	
When you tune into an an			(Defeute Aute)	
range, the Band Edge hig		[TUNER] Switch	(Default: Auto)	
• When you tune out of an		Selects whether or not to sa		
range, the Band Edge low	v beep sounds.	tuner's status after pushing	<b>TUNER</b> ) ON Each band.	
RF/SQL Control	(Default: RF+SQL)	PTT Start	(Default: OFF)	
	· · · · ·	Turns the PTT Start Tuning f	function ON or OFF.	
Set the (AF⊕RF/SQL)(outer) C	ontroi operation.	5		
MF Band ATT	(Default: ON)	< <preset clear="" memory="">&gt;</preset>		
Turns the MF Band Attenua	· · · · · ·	Clears the all of the internal	antenna tuner preset	
	mately 16 dB of attenuation	points.		
to prevent a desired signal				
when very strong MF band		RTTY Mark Frequency	(Default: 2125)	
This function is usable whe		Selects the RTTY mark frequencies		
	999 MHz, for only receiving.	When the internal RTTY decoder is used, 2125 Hz		
When you receive a wea select "OFF."	k signal on the MF band,	is automatically selected.		
The 16 dB of the MF bar	nd attenuation is added to	RTTY Shift Width	(Default: 170)	
any other attenuation val		Selects the RTTY shift width	, ,	
-	-	①When the internal RTTY d		
TX Delay HF	(Default: OFF)	automatically selected.		
	<u> </u>			
TX Delay 50M	(Default: OFF)	<b>RTTY Keying Polarity</b>	(Default: Normal)	
	<u>.</u>	Selects the RTTY keying pol	larity.	
TX Delay 70M*	(Default: OFF)		-	
	the HF, 50 or 70 MHz band.	SPEECH Language	(Default: English)	
() If an external equipment	s rise time is slower than	Selects the speech language	е.	
that of the IC-7300, a ref				
	C-7300. To prevent this, set	SPEECH Speed	(Default: Fast)	
	e so that no reflected wave	Selects the speech speed.		
is produced.				

## Function (Continued)

S-Level SPEECH	(Default: ON)			
Turns the S-meter level announ	cement ON or OFF.			
MODE SPEECH	(Default: OFF)			
Turns the operating mode anno	uncement ON or OFF.			
SPEECH Level	(Default: 50%)			
Sets the Voice Synthesizer aud	io output level.			
	efault: SPEECH/LOCK)			
Selects () action.				
Lock Function	(Default: MAIN DIAL)			
This function electronically locks				
the panel display* to prevent se accidental operation.	tung changes by			
*Keys and dials are also locked exc (AF Trist, SQL), POWER, and (FECH).	cept for (AF⊕RF/SQL),			
Memo Pad Quantity	(Default: 5)			
Sets the number of memo pad	channels.			
MAIN DIAL Auto TO	(Defender Lligh)			
MAIN DIAL Auto TS	(Default: High)			
Sets the Auto Tuning Step funct When rapidly rotating (MAIN DIAL				
automatically changed accordin				
MIC Up/Down Speed	(Default: Fast)			
Sets the response speed of [▲]	/[▼] on the supplied			
microphone while holding down				
Quick RIT/ // TX Clear	(Default: OFF)			
Selects the operation of <b>CLEAR</b> functions.	for the RIT and ⊿TX			
[NOTCH] Switch (SSB)	(Default: Auto/Manual)			
[NOTCH] Switch (AM)	(Default: Auto/Manual)			
Selects the notch function used mode.				
SSB/CW Synchronous Tuning	g (Default: OFF)			
Turns the Displayed Frequency OFF.				
This function automatically shift	s the frequency to			
match the CW pitch when the operating mode is				
toggled between SSB and CW.				
CW Normal Side	(Default: LSB)			
Colocto the corrier point in the (				

Selects the carrier point in the CW normal mode.

Screen Capture [POWER] SW(Default: OFF)Assigns the Screen Capture function to POWER.

Screen Capture File Type	(Default: PNG)					
Selects the file format for the Screen Capture function.						
Keyboard Type (Default: Full Keyboard)						
Sets the keyboard entry type to Ten-Key or Full						

Sets the keyboard entry type to Ten-Key or Full Keyboard.

Calibration Marker(Default: OFF)Turns the reference frequency calibration marker ON<br/>or OFF.

#### **REF Adjust**

Adjusts the internal reference frequency.

**NOTE:** The default setting of "RF Adjust" may differ slightly, depending on the transceiver's version.

#### 8 SET MODE

MENU » SET > Connectors

## Connectors

ACC/USB Output Select	(Default: AF)	External Keypad
Selects the signal output from [AC	,	Enables voice me
ACC/USB AF Output Level	(Default: 50%)	keypad.
Sets the AF output level of [ACC] a	· · · · · ·	External Keypad
		Enables keyer me
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	efault: OFF (OPEN))	keypad.
Selects whether or not to output th and [USB], according to the squeld		External Keypad
The same audio signals are output [ACC].		Enables RTTY me external keypad.
ACC/USB AF Beep/Speech Ou	tput (Default: OFF)	CI-V Baud Rate
Sets the Beep and Speech audio of [ACC] and [USB].	output condition of	Selects the CI-V o
①You should set the "ACC/USB A		automatically se
The beep level is limited when the Limit" item is "ON."	ne "Beep Level	connected cont
		CI-V Address
ACC/USB IF Output Level	<u>,                                     </u>	Selects the CI-V a
Sets the IF output level of [ACC] a	nd [USB].	①"94h" is the defa
ACC MOD Level	(Default: 50%)	<b>CI-V</b> Transceive
Sets the modulation input level of	ACC].	Turns the Transce
USB MOD Level	(Default: 50%)	CI-V USB→REMO
Sets the modulation input level of	USB].	Sets the address
DATA OFF MOD	(Default: MIC,ACC)	transceiver or rece through the [USB]
Selects the connector(s) to input the	· /	The external equi
when the data mode is OFF.		the [REMOTE] po
DATA MOD	(Default: ACC)	CI-V Output (for
Selects the connector(s) to input the	· · · ·	Enables outputting
when the data mode is ON.	C C	(frequency and so ①Address "01h" is
①Touching the [DATA] key in the N	MODE screen	The usable add
activates the data mode and doe	es the following:	
<ul> <li>In transmit, it locks the transmissio the default MID (300 – 2700 Hz).</li> </ul>	n pass bandwidth to	CI-V USB Port
<ul> <li>In receive, it changes the filter selection</li> </ul>	ection from the SSB	Selects the interna

• In receive, it changes the filter selection from the SSB filter set to the CW filter set. (However, you can still adjust the set receive IF filter bandwidths by touching the filter icon for 1 second.) This enables the 1/4 Tuning function setting in the FUNCTION screen. (Disables the Speech Compressor)

• It automatically sets the modulation input to the "MIC," "ACC," "MIC, ACC," or "USB" connector(s) selected in this item, for all three data modes.

## **External Keypad VOICE**

Enables voice memory transmission using an external keypad.

External Keypad KEYER	(Default: OFF)
Enables keyer memory transmission keypad.	using an external
External Keypad RTTY	(Default: OFF)
Enables RTTY memory transmission external keypad.	using an
CI-V Baud Rate	(Default: Auto)
Selects the CI-V data transfer rate. (1) When "Auto" is selected, the baud automatically set according to the connected controller.	

#### **CI-V Address** (Default: 94h)

Selects the CI-V address. ①"94h" is the default address of IC-7300.

(Default: OFF)

(Default: ON)

Turns the Transceive function ON or OFF.

## CI-V USB→REMOTE Transceive Address (Default: 00h)

Sets the address used to remotely control the transceiver or receiver using the optional RS-BA1, through the [USB] port. The external equipment control signal is output from the [REMOTE] port.

#### **CI-V** Output (for ANT) (Default: OFF)

Enables outputting the antenna controller status (frequency and so on) from the [REMOTE] port. ①Address "01h" is reserved.

The usable addresses are limited to  $02h \sim DFh$ .

## **CI-V USB Port**

(Default: Link to [REMOTE])

Selects the internal connection type between the [USB] and [REMOTE] CI-V ports.

## **CI-V USB Baud Rate**

(Default: Auto)

Selects the CI-V data transfer rate when remotely controlling the IC-7300 through the [USB] CI-V port. When "Auto" is selected, the baud rate is

automatically set according to the data rate of external controller.

This setting is valid only when the "CI-V USB Port" item is set to "Unlink from [REMOTE]."

## Connectors (Continued)

#### **CI-V USB Echo Back** (Default: OFF)

Turns the Data Echo Back function ON or OFF, when remotely controlling the IC-7300 through the [USB] CI-V port.

This setting is valid only when the "CI-V USB Port" item is set to "Unlink from [REMOTE]."

USE	S	eria	l Fu	ncti	on		(Default: CI-V)
<u> </u>						 	

Selects the signal output from [USB].

#### **RTTY Decode Baud Rate** (Default: 9600)

Selects the data transfer rate (Baud rate) of decoded RTTY signals.

#### **USB SEND**

(Default: OFF)

You can control transmit and receive from the PC through the USB port.

Selects the control port to be used for communication between the IC-7300 and PC, according to the operating condition.

①You cannot select the terminal which is already selected in the "USB Keying (CW)" or "USB Keying (RTTY)" item.

## USB Keying (CW)

(Default: OFF)

You can control transmit, receive and keying from the PC, through the USB port.

Selects the control port to be used for communication between the IC-7300 and PC, according to the operating condition.

①You cannot select the terminal which is already selected in the "USB SEND" or "USB Keying (RTTY)" item.

## USB Keying (RTTY)

(Default: OFF)

You can control transmit, receive and RTTY (FSK) from the PC, through the USB port.

Selects the control port to be used for communication between the IC-7300 and PC according to the operating condition.

①You cannot select the terminal which is already selected in the "USB SEND" or "USB Keying (CW)" item.

MENU » SET > Display

## Display

LCD Backlight	(Default: 50%)			
Sets the LCD backlight brightness.				
Display Type	(Default: A)			
Sets the display type to A or B.				
Display Font	(Default: Basic)			
Selects the font for the frequency reade	out.			
Meter Peak Hold	(Default: ON)			
Turns the Meter peak hold function ON	or OFF.			
Memory Name	(Default: ON)			
Turns the Memory name display in the ON or OFF.	Memory mode			
MN-Q Popup (MN OFF→ON)	(Default: ON)			
Selects whether or not to display the Manual Notch filter width when you select the Manual Notch.				
BW Popup (PBT)	(Default: ON)			

Selects whether or not to display the PBT shift value while rotating (TWIN PBT CER).

## BW Popup (FIL)

(Default: ON) Selects whether or not to display the IF filter width and shift value when you switch the IF filter by touching the filter icon.

## **Screen Saver**

(Default: 60min)

Sets the Screen Saver function.

This function activates and automatically turns OFF the screen when no operation is performed for the preset period of time.

## **Opening Message**

(Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to display the opening message at power ON.

## My Call

Displays text as the opening message, up to 10 characters.

#### **Power ON Check** (Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to display the RF Power level at power ON.

#### **Display Language** (Default: English)

Sets the display language.

## 8 SET MODE

## MENU » SET > Time Set

## **Time Set**

(Default: 2000/01/01)

Sets the date (Year/Month/Day). (The day of the week is automatically set.)

#### Time

Date

(Default: 0:00)

Sets the current time.

(The time is displayed in the 24 hour format.)

**NOTE: The backup battery for the internal clock** The IC-7300 has a rechargeable Lithium battery to backup the internal clock. If you connect the transceiver to a power source, the battery is charged and it keeps the correct clock setting. However, if you do not connect the transceiver to a power source for a long period of time, the battery will discharge. In that case, the transceiver resets the internal clock.

If you do not use the transceiver for a long period, we recommend that you connect the transceiver to a power source at least once a month. The charging period is two days whether the transceiver's power is ON or OFF.

UTC Offset	(Default: ± 0:00)

Sets the UTC offset time.

MENU » SET > SD Card

## **SD** Card

## Load Setting

Selects the saved data file to load.

## Save Setting

Saves the setting data onto an SD card.

## **SD Card Info**

Displays the SD card capacity and the time remaining for voice recording.

## **Screen Capture View**

Displays the selected screen capture.

## **Firmware Update**

Displays the Firmware Update mode.

## Format

Formats the SD card. If you use a brand new SD card, be sure to format it.

## Unmount

Unmounts the SD card. Before you remove a card when the transceiver is ON, be sure to electrically unmount it. Otherwise the data may be corrupted or deleted. MENU » SET > Others

## Others

## Version

Displays the transceiver firmware's version number.

## **Touch Screen Calibration**

Touch to adjust the touch screen. ①See section 14 of the Full Manual for details.

## **Partial Reset**

Resets operating settings to their default values (VFO frequency, VFO settings, menu contents) without clearing the items below:

- Memory channel contents
- MY Call
- Memory Keyer
- RTTY memory
- User Band Edge
- REF Adjust
- Fixed Edges

③See "Resetting" (p. 9-1) for details.

## All Reset

Clears all data and returns all settings to their factory defaults.

Memory channel contents, filter setting and so on will all be cleared, so you will need to rewrite your operating settings. () See "Resetting" (p. 9-1) for details.

## Emergency

Sets the Emergency function. <sup>①</sup>See section 11 of the Full Manual for details.

# MAINTENANCE

## Resetting

Occasionally, erroneous information may be displayed. This may be caused by static electricity or by other factors.

If this problem occurs, turn OFF the transceiver. After waiting a few seconds, turn ON the transceiver. If the problem still exists, perform a Partial reset as described to the right.

If the problem still exists after a Partial reset, perform an All reset as described to the right.

**NOTE:** An All reset clears all data and returns all settings to their factory defaults. Save memory channel content, setting status, and so on, onto an SD card before the All reset. (p. 6-1)

## After performing the partial reset

A Partial reset resets operating settings to their default values (VFO frequency, VFO settings, menu contents) without clearing the items listed below:

- Memory channel contents
- MY Call
- Memory Keyer
- RTTY memory
- User Band Edge
- REF Adjust
- Fixed Edges

## After performing the All reset

All reset clears all data and returns all settings to their factory defaults.

Memory channel contents, filter setting and so on will all be cleared, so you will need to rewrite your operating settings, unless you have a backup.

#### When you cannot enter the Set mode

If a touch screen operation error or an unexpected operation occurs, you cannot enter the Set mode. In this case, perform the All reset as described below:

While holding down **CLEAR** and **V/M**, push **POWER**.

## ♦ Partial reset

- 1. Open the RESET screen. MENU » SET > Others > Reset
- Touch "Partial reset."
   The confirmation screen is displayed.



3. Touch [Yes].

① After the resetting, the default VFO mode screen is displayed.



## ♦ All reset

- 1. Open the RESET screen. MENU » SET > Others > Reset
- Touch "All reset."
   The confirmation screen is displayed.



3. Touch [NEXT].



4. After carefully reading the displayed message, touch [YES] to perform the All reset.

 After the resetting, the default VFO mode screen is displayed.



# 10 SPECIFICATIONS

## ♦ General

♦ General	
<ul> <li>Frequency coverage (unit: MHz):</li> </ul>	
Receiver	0.030000~74.800000* <sup>1</sup>
Transmitter	1.800000~ 1.999999* <sup>2</sup>
	3.500000~ 3.999999*2
	5.255000~ 5.405000* <sup>2</sup>
	7.000000~ 7.300000*2
	10.100000~10.150000*2
	14.000000~14.350000*2
	18.068000~18.168000* <sup>2</sup>
	21.000000~21.450000* <sup>2</sup>
	24.890000~24.990000* <sup>2</sup>
	28.000000~29.700000* <sup>2</sup>
	50.000000~54.000000* <sup>2</sup>
	70.000000~70.500000*2
	*1 Some frequency ranges are not guaranteed.
	* <sup>2</sup> Depending on the transceiver version.
Operating modes:	USB/LSB (J3E), CW (A1A), RTTY (F1B), AM (A3E) and FM (F3E)
Number of memory channels:	101 (including 2 scan edges)
Antenna connector:	SO-239 (antenna impedance: 50 $\Omega$ Unbalanced)
<ul> <li>Power supply requirement:</li> </ul>	13.8 V DC (±15%)
<ul> <li>Operating temperature range:</li> </ul>	–10°C to +60°C, +14°F to +140°F
<ul> <li>Frequency stability:</li> </ul>	Less than ±0.5 ppm (–10°C to +60°C, +14°F to +140°F)
<ul> <li>Frequency resolution:</li> </ul>	1 Hz (minimum)
<ul> <li>Power consumption:</li> </ul>	
Receive Standby	0.9 A
Maximum audio	1.25 A
Transmit Maximum power	21.0 A
· · · · · ·	240 (W)×94 (H)×238 (D) mm, 9.4 (W)×3.7 (H)×9.4 (D) in
Weight (approximately):	4.2 kg, 9.3 lb
♦ Transmitter	
<ul> <li>Transmit output power:</li> </ul>	
HF and 50 MHz bands	
SSB/CW/RTTY/FM	2~100 W
AM	1~25 W
70 MHz band* <sup>2</sup>	
	0. 50 M
SSB/CW/RTTY/FM	2~50 W
AM	1~12.5 W
	* <sup>2</sup> Depending on the transceiver version.
<ul> <li>Modulation system:</li> </ul>	
SSB	P.S.N. modulation
AM	Low power modulation
FM	Reactance modulation
<ul> <li>Spurious emission:</li> </ul>	
Harmonics	Less than –50 dB (1.8~28 MHz)
	Less than –63 dB (50 MHz band)
	Less than -60 dB (70 MHz band)
Out-of-band emission	
	Less than -40 dB (1.8~28 MHz)
	Less than –60 dB (50 MHz band)
	Less than –60 dB (70 MHz band)
<ul> <li>Carrier suppression:</li> </ul>	More than 50 dB
<ul> <li>Unwanted sideband suppression:</li> </ul>	More than 50 dB
<ul> <li>Microphone impedance:</li> </ul>	600 Ω

## **♦** Receiver

Receiver		
<ul> <li>Receive system:</li> </ul>	Direct sampling superheterodyne	
<ul> <li>Intermediate frequency:</li> </ul>	36 kHz	
<ul> <li>Sensitivity (Filter: SOFT):</li> </ul>		
SSB/CW (BW=2.4 kHz, 10 dB S/N)		
1.8 ~ 29.999999 MHz	Less than –123 dBm (0.16 µV)	(P.AMP1 ON)
50 MHz band	Less than –125 dBm (0.13 µV)	(P.AMP2 ON)
70 MHz band* <sup>2</sup>	Less than $-123 \text{ dBm} (0.16 \mu \text{V})$	(P.AMP2 ON)
	* <sup>2</sup> Depending on the transceiver version	
AM (BW=6 kHz, 10 dB S/N)		
0.5 ~ 1.8 MHz	Less than –85 dBm (12.6 µV)	(P.AMP1 ON)
1.8 ~ 29.999999 MHz	Less than $-101 \text{ dBm} (2.0 \mu\text{V})$	(P.AMP1 ON)
50 MHz and 70 MHz bands	Less than $-107 \text{ dBm} (1.0 \mu\text{V})$	(P.AMP2 ON)
FM (BW=15 kHz, 12 dB SINAD)		(1.7 000 2 000)
28.0 ~ 29.7 MHz	Less than –113 dBm (0.5 µV)	(P.AMP1 ON)
50 MHz and 70 MHz bands	Less than $-119$ dBm (0.25 $\mu$ V)	(P.AMP2 ON)
		(F.AMEZ ON)
Sensitivity for European versions (Filter	r: SOFT)	
SSB (BW=2.4 kHz, 12 dB SINAD)		
1.8 ~ 2.999999 MHz	Less than 10 dBµV emf	(P.AMP 1 ON)
3.0 ~ 29.999999 MHz	Less than 0 dBµV emf	(P.AMP 1 ON)
50 MHz and 70 MHz bands	Less than –6 dBµV emf	(P.AMP 2 ON)
AM (BW=4 kHz, 60% Modulation, 12	dB SINAD)	
1.8 ~ 2.999999 MHz	Less than 16 dBµV emf	(P.AMP 1 ON)
3.0 ~ 29.999999 MHz	Less than 6 dBµV emf	(P.AMP 1 ON)
50 MHz and 70 MHz bands	Less than 0 dBµV emf	(P.AMP 2 ON)
FM (BW=7 kHz, 60% Modulation, 12	•	· · · · · ·
28.0 ~ 29.7 MHz	Less than 0 dBµV emf	(P.AMP 1 ON)
50 MHz and 70 MHz bands	Less than -6 dBµV emf	(P.AMP 2 ON)
Squelch sensitivity (threshold):		
SSB	$1 \cos t \cosh \theta = 02 d \operatorname{Pm} (5.6 \text{ m})/(1)$	
	Less than $-92 \text{ dBm} (5.6 \mu\text{V})$	
FM	Less than $-117 \text{ dBm} (0.3 \mu\text{V})$	
	(HF band: P.AMP1 ON, 50 MHz ba	na: P.AMPZ ON)
Selectivity (Filter: SHARP):		
SSB (BW=2.4 kHz)	More than 2.4 kHz/–6 dB	
	Less than 3.4 kHz/-40 dB	
CW (BW=500 Hz)	More than 500 Hz/–6 dB	
	Less than 700 Hz/–40 dB	
RTTY (BW=500 Hz)	More than 500 Hz/–6 dB	
	Less than 800 Hz/–40 dB	
AM (BW=6 kHz)	More than 6.0 kHz/–6 dB	
	Less than 10 kHz/–40 dB	
FM (BW=15 kHz)	More than 12.0 kHz/–6 dB	
	Less than 22 kHz/–40 dB	
<ul> <li>Spurious and image rejection:</li> </ul>	More than 70 dB (except for ADC a	liasing)
Audio output power:	More than 2.5 W (8 $\Omega$ load, 1 kHz,	
AF output impedance:	8 Ω	,
• RIT variable range:	±9.999 kHz	

## ♦ Antenna tuner

<ul> <li>Tunable impedance range:</li> <li>Tuning accuracy:</li> </ul>	16.7~150 $\Omega$ (unbalanced) (less than 3:1 VSWR) Less than 1.5:1 VSWR
• Tuning time (approximately):	2~3 seconds (average)
	15 seconds (maximum)

③All stated specifications are typical and subject to change without notice or obligation.

10

# 11 OPTIONS

## Options



13-pin ACC connector adaptor to 7-pin + 8-pin ACC connectors.

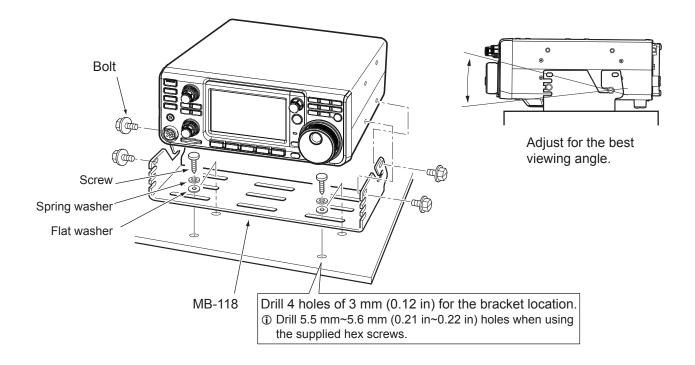
## Mounting the MB-118

Mount the MB-118 MOUNTING BRACKET to a place where it can be firmly attached.

① We recommend that you periodically check whether the screws are loose or not, especially after a long period of use.

## NOTE:

- Before mounting the MB-118, carefully read PRECAUTIONS (p. vii) and decide the mounting place.
- DO NOT use bolts other than the ones that are supplied with the MB-118. Other bolts (longer than 8 mm/0.31 in) may damage the internal units.



# 12 CONNECTOR INFORMATION

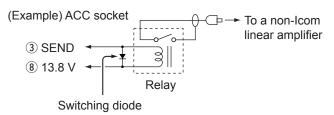
## ACC socket

Connects to external equipment or a PC to control the external unit or to control the transceiver.

## ACC socket

ACC	PIN No.	NAME	DESCRIPTION		SPEC	IFICATIONS
13-pin	1	8 V			Output voltage: Output current:	8 V ±0.3 V Less than 10 mA
	2	GND	Connects to gr	round.		_
$ \begin{array}{c}             13 \\             9 10 11 12 \\             5 6 7 8 \\             1 2 3 4 \end{array} $	3	SEND*1	Input/output pin.	An external unit controls the transceiver. When this pin goes to ground, the transceiver transmits.	Input voltage (RX): Input voltage (TX): Current flow:	
Rear panel view				The pin goes low when the transceiver transmits.	Output voltage (TX): Current flow:	Less than 0.1 V Maximum 200 mA
1 brown 8 gray	4	BDT	Not used.			—
<ul> <li>2) red</li> <li>3) orange</li> <li>4) yellow</li> <li>1) pink</li> </ul>	5	BAND	band)		Output voltage:	0 to 8.0 V
5 green 12 light 6 blue blue	6	ALC			Input level: Input impedance:	–4 to 0 V More than 3.3 k $\Omega$
⑦ purple 13 light	7	NC				_
green	8	13.8 V	13.8 V output	when power is ON.	Output current:	Maximum 1 A
	9	TKEY	Not used.			_
Color refers to the cable strands of the supplied cable.	10	FSKK	Controls RTTY keying.		High level: Low level: Output current:	More than 2.4 V Less than 0.6 V Less than 2 mA
	11	MOD	Modulator input.		Input impedance: Input level:	10 kΩ 100 mV rms* <sup>3</sup>
	12	AF/IF (IF=12 kHz)* <sup>2</sup>	Fixed AF detector or receive IF (12 kHz) signal output.		Output impedance: Output level:	4.7 kΩ 100 ~ 300 mV rms*4
	13	SQL S	Squelch output. Grounded when the squelch opens.		SQL open: SQL closed:	Less than 0.3 V/5 mA More than 6.0 V/100 $\mu A$

\*1 When the SEND terminal controls an inductive load, such as a relay, a counter-electromotive force can malfunction or damage the transceiver. To prevent this, we recommend adding a switching diode, such as an 1SS133, on the load side of the circuit to absorb the counter-electromotive force. When the diode is added, a delay in relay switching may occur. Be sure to check its switching action before operating.



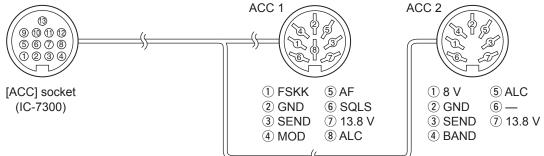
- \*<sup>2</sup> You can change the pin 12 setting in the "ACC/USB Output Select" item on the CONNECTORS set screen. If the pin is set to IF, the transceiver outputs a 12 kHz IF signal from [ACC]. In that case, you can listen to the DRM broadcast with the application software receiver that is installed into your PC.
- \*<sup>3</sup> You can change the input level in the "ACC MOD Level" item on the CONNECTORS set screen. (p. 8-5) 100 mV rms is at the 50% (default) setting.
- \*4 You can change the output level in the "ACC/USB AF Output Level" item on the CONNECTORS set screen. (p. 8-5)

Approximately 200 mV rms is at the 50% (default) setting.

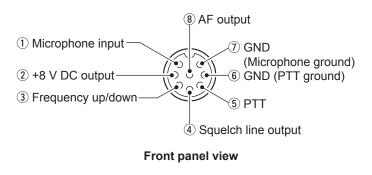
## ACC socket (Continued)

## ♦ OPC-599 ACC conversion cable pin assignments

The OPC-599 ACC conversion cable connects between a 13 pin [ACC] socket and 7 pin and 8 pin sockets.



## **Microphone connector**



PIN No.	DESCRIPTION
1	Microphone input (Impedance: 600 $\Omega$ )
2	+8 V DC output (Maximum 10 mA)
3	Up: Ground Down: Ground through 470 Ω
(4)	Grounded when the squelch opens.
5	PTT
6	PTT ground
7	Microphone ground
8	AF output (varies with the [AF] control.)

## ♦ External keypad

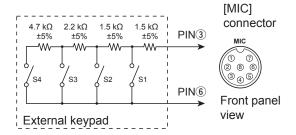
A circuit is used to output memory content from 4 memories. You can output desired memory content such as that from a CW Memory keyer (M1 ~ M4), Voice memory (T1 ~ T4), RTTY Memory (RT1 ~ RT4) to be transmitted.

- Push a switch to send the memory information.
- Hold down the switch for 1 second to repeatedly send the memory information.

To use the external keypad, turn ON the following items in the CONNECTORS set screen. (p. 8-5)
 MENU » SET > Connectors > External Keypad

• VOI	CE:	ON
-------	-----	----

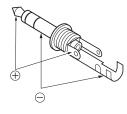
- KEYER: ON
- RTTY: ON
- The External keypad is not supplied by Icom. (User supplied)



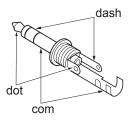
# KEY jack

Connects to a CW straight key or a paddle: 6.35 mm (1/4 in) (d)

When connecting a CW straight key.



When connecting a CW paddle and using the internal electronic keyer.



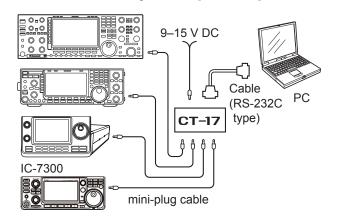
# **EXT-SP** jack

EXT-SP Connects to an external speaker:  $\bigcirc$ 

- 3.5 mm (1/2 in) (d)
- Output impedance: 4 ~ 8 Ω
- More than 2.5 W at • Output level: 10% distortion into an 8 O load.

## **REMOTE** jack

REMOTE Used for computer control and transceive operation: 3.5 mm (1/2 in) (d)  $\bigcirc$ The optional CT-17 is required when connecting a PC to [REMOTE].



## ALC jack



Connects to the ALC output jack of a non-Icom linear amplifier. (RCA Plug) Control voltage: -4 ~ 0 V

## **SEND** jack



The terminal goes low when the transceiver transmits. (RCA Plug) This terminal is used to control an external non-Icom linear amplifier. T/R control voltage and current must be less than 16 V DC and 0.5 A.

## **PHONES** jack

PHONES  $\bigcirc$ 

- Connects to standard stereo headphones: 3.5 mm (1/2 in) (d)
  - Output impedance: 8 ~ 16 Ω
  - Output level: More than 5 mW into an 8 Ω load.

## **DC** power socket



Accepts the regulated DC power for 13.8 V DC ±15% through the supplied DC power cable.

**WARNING! NEVER** reverse the DC power cable polarity.

Rear panel view

# **PRÉCAUTIONS POUR LE CANADA**

# DÉFINITIONS EXPLICITES

TERME	DÉFINITION
<b>△DANGER!</b>	Risque d'accident mortel, de blessures corporelles graves ou d'explosion.
AVERTISSEMENT!	Risque de blessures corporelles, d'incendie ou de choc électrique.
ATTENTION	Risque de dégât matériel.
	La non prise en compte peut entraîner des désagréments. Absence de risque de blessures corporelles, d'incendie ou de choc électrique.

## **INFORMATION FCC**

#### • POUR LES RAYONNEMENTS NON INTENTIONNELS DE CLASSE B:

Cet équipement a été testé et reconnu conforme aux limites fixées pour un appareil numérique de classe B, conformément au point 15 de la réglementation FCC. Ces limites ont été fixées afin d'assurer une protection raisonnable contre les interférences nocives dans une installation résidentielle. Cet équipement génère, utilise et peut émettre un rayonnement de fréquence radio. S'il n'a pas été installé conformément aux instructions, il peut par ailleurs créer des interférences perturbant les communications radio. Toutefois, il n'y a aucune garantie que les interférences ne se produiront pas dans une installation particulière. Si cet équipement crée des interférences perturbant la réception de la radio ou de la télévision, comme cela peut être déterminé en éteignant et en allumant l'équipement, l'utilisateur est invité à essayer de corriger l'interférence en prenant une ou plusieurs des mesures ci-après:

- Réorienter ou changer de place l'antenne de réception.
- Éloigner l'équipement et le récepteur.
- Connecter l'équipement sur une prise sur un autre circuit que celui sur lequel le récepteur est connecté.
- Faire appel au revendeur ou à un technicien radio/TV expérimenté.

**ATTENTION:** MODIFIER CET APPAREIL AFIN QU'IL REÇOIVE DES SIGNAUX ÉMANANT DU SERVICE RA-DIOTÉLÉPHONIQUE CELLULAIRE EST INTERDIT PAR LES RÈGLES DE LA FCC ET PAR LA LOI FÉDÉRALE.

**MISE EN GARDE:** Tout changement ou modification, non expressément approuvé par lcom Inc., peut annuler l'autorisation de l'utilisateur à utiliser cet appareil conformément à la réglementation FCC.

## PRÉCAUTIONS

▲ **DANGER TENSION À HAUTES RF! NE JAMAIS** toucher l'antenne ou le connecteur de l'antenne pendant une transmission. Cela pourrait causer un choc électrique ou des brulures.

▲ **DANGER! NE JAMAIS** utiliser l'émetteur-récepteur à proximité de détonateurs électriques non blindés ou dans une atmosphère explosive. Cela pourrait causer une explosion mortelle.

AVERTISSEMENT RELATIF À L'EXPOSITION AUX FRÉQUENCES RADIO! Cet appareil émet des ondes de fréquences radio (RF). Il doit être utilisé avec la plus grande prudence. Pour toutes questions concernant l'exposition aux fréquences radio et sur les règles de sécurité, veuillez consulter le rapport du Bureau Engineering and Technology de la Federal Communications Commission (FCC) sur l'évaluation de la conformité à la réglementation FCC sur l'exposition de l'homme aux champs électromagnétiques de fréquences radio (OET Bulletin 65).

AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS utiliser l'émetteur-récepteur avec un casque ou tout autre accessoire audio à un niveau sonore élevé. Si vous entendez une sonnerie baissez le niveau sonore ou interrompez l'utilisation.

▲ **AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS** raccorder le socle [DC13.8V] sur le panneau arrière de l'émetteurrécepteur à une source de courant alternatif. Cela pourrait causer un incendie ou endommager l'émetteur-récepteur.

AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS raccorder le socle [DC13.8V] sur le panneau arrière de l'émetteurrécepteur à une source de courant dont la tension est supérieure à 16 V CC. Cela pourrait causer un incendie ou endommager l'émetteur-récepteur.

▲ **AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS** inverser la polarité du câble d'alimentation CC. Cela pourrait causer un incendie ou endommager l'émetteur-récepteur.

# PRÉCAUTIONS (Continue)

▲ AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS retirer le portefusible du câble d'alimentation CC. Un courant excessif provoqué par un court-circuit pourrait causer un incendie ou endommager l'émetteur-récepteur.

▲ AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS permettre que du métal, du fil ou d'autres objets soit au contact de l'intérieur de l'émetteur-récepteur ou raccorder incorrectement les connecteurs sur le panneau arrière. Cela pourrait causer un choc électrique ou endommager l'émetteurrécepteur.

AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS utiliser ou toucher l'émetteur-récepteur avec des mains mouillées. Cela pourrait causer un choc électrique ou endommager l'émetteur-récepteur.

▲ **AVERTISSEMENT!** Coupez immédiatement le courant de l'émetteur-récepteur et enlevez le câble d'alimentation CC de l'émetteur-récepteur s'il émet une odeur, de la fumée ou un bruit anormal. Contactez votre revendeur ou distributeur lcom pour obtenir des conseils.

## ▲ AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS placer

l'émetteur-récepteur sur un support instable où il risque de se déplacer brusquement ou de tomber. Cela pourrait causer des blessures ou endommager l'émetteur-récepteur.

## AVERTISSEMENT! NE JAMAIS utiliser

l'émetteur-récepteur durant un orage. Cela risquerait de provoquer un choc électrique, un incendie ou d'endommager l'émetteur-récepteur. Toujours débrancher la source d'alimentation et l'antenne avant une tempête.

**ATTENTION: NE JAMAIS** exposer l'émetteur-récepteur à la pluie, à la neige ou à tout autre liquide.

**ATTENTION: NE JAMAIS** changer les réglages internes de l'émetteur-récepteur. Cela pourrait réduire les performances de l'émetteur-récepteur ou l'endommager. La garantie de l'émetteur-récepteur ne couvre pas les problèmes résultant de réglages internes non autorisés.

**ATTENTION: NE JAMAIS** installe ou place l'émetteurrécepteur dans un endroit sans ventilation adéquate, ou bloquer tous les orifices de refroidissement sur le dessus, l'arrière, les côtés ou le dessous de l'émetteur-récepteur. La dissipation thermique risque de diminuer et endommager l'émetteur-récepteur.

**ATTENTION: NE JAMAIS** utiliser de dissolvants agressifs tels que du Benzène ou de l'alcool lors du nettoyage, car ils endommageraient les surfaces de l'émetteurrécepteur.

**ATTENTION: NE JAMAIS** laisser l'émetteur-récepteur dans des zones avec des températures inférieures à  $-10^{\circ}$ C (+14°F) ou supérieures à +60°C (+140°F) pour les opérations mobiles.

**ATTENTION: NE JAMAIS** placer l'émetteur-récepteur dans des environnements excessivement poussiéreux. Cela pourrait endommager l'émetteur-récepteur.

**NE PAS** placer l'émetteur-récepteur contre un mur ou poser des objets dessus. Il risquerait de surchauffer.

**MISE EN GARDE!** L'unité principale chauffe en cas d'utilisation continue sur une longue durée de l'émetteur-récepteur.

**ATTENTION:** En cas de connexion d'un amplificateur linéaire, réglez la puissance d'émission de RF de l'émetteur-récepteur de sortie en dessous de la puissance maximale en entrée de l'amplificateur linéaire, au risque dans le cas contraire d'endommager celui-ci.

**ATTENTION:** Utilisez uniquement les microphones Icom fournis ou en option. Les microphones des autres fabricants risquent de disposer d'affectation de broches différentes, et pourrait endommager le connecteur et/ou l'émetteur-récepteur.

**NE JAMAIS** laisser l'émetteur-récepteur dans un endroit peu sûr pour éviter que des personnes non autorisées ne l'utilisent.

Arrêtez l'émetteur-récepteur et/ou débranchez le câble alimentation CA quand vous n'allez pas utiliser l'émetteurrécepteur pendant une longue période.

Arrêtez l'émetteur-récepteur et/ou débranchez le câble alimentation CC quand vous n'allez pas utiliser l'émetteurrécepteur pendant une longue période.

L'écran LCD peut avoir des imperfections cosmétiques qui apparaissent sous forme de petites taches sombres ou lumineuses. Il ne s'agit pas un dysfonctionnement ou d'un défaut, mais d'une caractéristique normale des écrans LCD.

## **INSTALLATION NOTES**

For amateur base station installations it is recommended that the forward clearance in front of the antenna array is calculated relative to the EIRP (Effective Isotropic Radiated Power). The clearance height below the antenna array can be determined in most cases from the RF power at the antenna input terminals.

As different exposure limits have been recommended for different frequencies, a relative table shows a guideline for installation considerations.

Below 30 MHz, the recommended limits are specified in terms of V/m or A/m fields as they are likely to fall within the near-field region. Similarly, the antennas may be physically short in terms of electrical length and that the installation will require some antenna matching device which can create local, high intensity magnetic fields. Analysis of such MF installations is best considered in association with published guidance notes such as the FCC OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97-01 and its annexes relative to amateur transmitter installations. The EC recommended limits are almost identical to the FCC specified 'uncontrolled' limits and tables exist that show pre-calculated safe distances for different antenna types for different frequency bands. Further information can be found at http://www.arrl.org/.

#### Typical amateur radio installation

Exposure distance assumes that the predominant radiation pattern is forward and that radiation vertically downwards is at unity gain (sidelobe suppression is equal to main lobe gain). This is true of almost every gain antenna today. Exposed persons are assumed to be beneath the antenna array and have a typical height of 1.8 m.

The figures assume the worst case emission of a constant carrier.

For the bands 10 MHz and higher the following power density limits have been recommended: 10–50 MHz 2 W/sg m

#### Vertical clearance by EIRP output

1 Watts 2.1 m 10 Watts 2.8 m 25 Watts 3.4 m 100 Watts 5 m 1000 Watts 12 m

#### Forward clearance by EIRP output

100 Watts 2 m 1000 Watts 6.5 m 10,000 Watts 20 m 100,000 Watts 65 m In all cases any possible risk depends on the transmitter being activated for long periods. (actual recommendation limits are specified as an average during 6 minutes) Normally the transmitter is not active for long periods of time. Some radio licenses will require that a timer circuit automatically cuts the transmitter after 1–2 minutes etc.

Similarly some types of emission, i.e., SSB, CW, AM etc. have a lower 'average' output power and the assessed risk is even lower.

	Country	Codes		Country	Codes
1	Austria	AT	18	Liechtenstein	LI
2	Belgium	BE	19	Lithuania	LT
3	Bulgaria	BG	20	Luxembourg	LU
4	Croatia	HR	21	Malta	MT
5	Czech Republic	CZ	22	Netherlands	NL
6	Cyprus	CY	23	Norway	NO
7	Denmark	DK	24	Poland	PL
8	Estonia	EE	25	Portugal	PT
9	Finland	FI	26	Romania	RO
10	France	FR	27	Slovakia	SK
11	Germany	DE	28	Slovenia	SI
12	Greece	GR	29	Spain	ES
13	Hungary	HU	30	Sweden	SE
14	Iceland	IS	31	Switzerland	СН
15	Ireland	IE	32	Turkey	TR
16	Italy	IT	33	United Kingdom	GB
17	Latvia	LV			

#### List of Country codes (ISO 3166-1)

# INDEX

Numbers and	symbols
a function	

Numbers and symbols	
1 Hz step Fine Tuning function	3-3
1/4 Tuning function	3-4
5 MHz frequency band operation	3-11
∠TX function	4-8
⊿TX monitor function	4-8

А
ACC socket
Accessories, suppliedi
AFSK, connections
AGC
AGC function control 4-2
AGC time constant preset value, selecting 4-2
AGC time constant, setting
ALC jack
All reset
Antenna tuner
AH-4 or AH-740, using (External)
Auto tuning (Internal)
Connecting
Emergency mode (Tuner)
External antenna tuner
Operation (Internal)
PTT tuner (Internal)
Using (External)
ANTI VOX
Attenuator
Audio scope screen
Auto Notch function
Auto Tuning Step function

## В

Band Edge	
Веер	3-5
Entering	3-6
Band operation, 5 MHz frequency	3-11
Band stacking registers, using	3-2
Break-in function	4-12

С

Center mode	5-2
Screen	5-1
Characters, entering and editing	
Connection	
Front panel	2-1
FSK and AFSK	
Rear panel	
Connections and installation	
Connector	
ACC	12-1
Information	12-1
Microphone	
Connectors (Set mode)	8-5
CW	
Auto Tuning function	4-13
Operating	
Pitch control, setting	
Reverse mode	
Side tone, monitoring	4-14
D	
	10.0

D	
DC power socket	
Decoder threshold level, setting	4-16
DELAY	4-7
DEPTH (Noise Blanker)	4-5
Dial Lock function	3-9
Display	8-6

#### Е

Editing	
Characters	1-7
Example	
Keyboard	1-7
Electronic Keyer function	
Emergency mode (Tuner)	7-3
Entering	
Example	
Characters	1-7
Keyboard	1-7
Set mode	8-1
Equalizing VFO A and VFO B	3-1
External DC power supply, connecting	
External keypad	12-2
EXT-SP jack	
•	

## F

F	
Features	i
Filter, Twin Peak	
Fixed mode	
Screen	
FM repeater operation	
Formatting an SD card	
Frequency	
Directly entering	
Setting	
Front panel	
Connection	
FSK, connections	
Function	
FUNCTION screen	
G	
Grounding	2-1
0.00g	
н	
Heat dissipation	
I	
IF filter	
Selecting	4-4
Shape	A_A
Inserting the SD card	+-+ 6 1
Inserting the SD card	
Installation and connections	
Installation notes	
IP Plus function	
к	
KEY jack	12-3
Key speed, setting	1 12
Keyboard	
Entering and editing	
Keyboard types	
Keypad, external	
L	
LEVEL (Noise Blanker)	4-5
Linear amplifier, connecting	
IC-PW1/IC-PW1EURO	0.5
Non-Icom linear amplifier	
Lock function (dial)	

#### Μ

Main dial, using	3-3
Maintenance	
Manual Notch function	4-6
Manual tuning	7-1
Marker	5-2
MB-118, mounting	11-2
Memory and VFO modes	
MENU screen	
Meter display	3-10
Meter display selection	
Microphone connector	12-2
Microphone gain, adjusting	3-10
Mini scope screen	5-3
Monitor function	4-8
Monitoring the CW side tone	
Multi-function menus	1-6
Multi-function meter	3-10

Noise Blanker	4-5
Level and time, adjusting	4-5
Noise Reduction	
Level, adjusting	4-6
Notch Filter	4-6
Auto	4-6
Manual	4-6

Ν

0	
OPC-599 ACC conversion cable pin assignments	12-2
Operating band, selecting	3-2
Operating mode, selecting	3-2
Options	11-1
Others (Set mode)	8-7

#### Ρ

1	
Panel description	1-1
Partial reset	
PHONES jack	12-3
Power	
ON or OFF	3-1
When first applying	3-1
Preamplifiers	4-1
PTT Tuner start	7-1

Q	
QUICK MENU	1-6
Quick Split function, using	4-10

Q

R	
Rear panel	1-3
Connection	
Receiver	10-2
Receiving and transmitting	4-1
REMOTE jack	12-3
Removing the SD card	
Repeater tone frequency, setting	4-17
Reset	
All	
Partial	
RF gain and SQL level	3-9
RIT	
Function	4-1
Monitor function	4-1
RTTY	
DECODE screen, functions	4-16
(FSK), operating	4-15
Reverse mode	

S	
Scope operation	5-1
SD card	6-1
Formatting	6-2
Saving data	
Inserting	6-1
Removing	
Set mode	
Unmounting	6-2
SEND jack	12-3
Set mode	8-1
Description	
Entering	8-1
Speech Compressor, setting	
Specifications	10-1
Spectrum scope	
Screen	5-1
Using	5-1
Split frequency operation	4-10
Split Lock function	
SQL level and RF gain	3-9

## Т

Time Set	
Tone Control	
Touch panel display	1-4
Touch screen	iii
Operation	
Trademarks	ii
Transmission, basic	3-9
Transmit filter width, setting	
Transmit output power, adjusting	
Transmitter	
Transmitting and receiving	
Tuning Step	
Changing	
Function	
Auto	
Twin PBT, using	
Twin Peak Filter	
U	
Unmounting an SD card	
USB port	

## V

. 3-1
. 3-1
. 3-1
. 3-1
. 4-7
. 3-1
. 4-7
. 4-7
. 4-7
. 4-7
. 4-5

MEMO		

	Μ	Ε	Μ	Ο
--	---	---	---	---